

#### SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

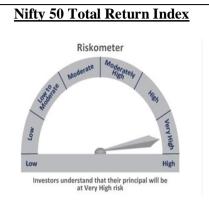
#### **Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund**

(An open ended equity scheme investing in maximum 25 stocks intending to focus on Large Cap stocks)

# This product is suitable for investors who are seeking\*

- return by investing upto 25 companies with long term sustainable competitive advantage and growth potential
- investment in Equity and equity related instruments subject to overall limit of 25 companies





<sup>\*</sup>Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

## Continuous Offer of Units at NAV based prices

Name of Mutual Fund Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund				
Name Asset Management Company	Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited			
(AMC)				
Name Trustee Company	Motilal Oswal Trustee Company Limited			
Address	Registered Office:			
	10 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Motilal Oswal Tower, Rahimtullah Sayani			
	Road, Opp. Parel ST Depot, Prabhadevi, Mumbai-			
	400025			
Website	www.motilaloswalmf.com			

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document (SID).

The SID sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this SID after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund (MOMF), Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.motilaloswalmf.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the SID). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website

The SID should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.	
This SID is dated October 29, 2021.	
SID of Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund	

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taken by any Regulatory Authority	

# HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Name of the Scheme	Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund							
Type of the Scheme	An open ended equity scheme investing in maximum 25 stocks intending to focus on Large Cap stocks							
Category of Scheme	Focused Fund intending to invest in large cap	stocks						
Investment	The investment objective of the Scheme is to		ong term capit	al appreciation by				
Objective	investing in upto 25 companies with long to growth potential.  However, there can be no assurance or guaranteed to grow the state of th	erm sustaina	able competiti	ive advantage and				
	Scheme would be achieved.		the myestmen	it objective of the				
<b>Investment Pattern</b>	Instruments		e allocations otal assets)	Risk Profile				
	Histi unichts	Minimum		High/Medium/ Low				
	Equity and equity related instruments* selected from Top 100 listed companies by full market capitalization	65	100	High				
	Equity and equity related instruments* other than above	0	35	High				
	Debt, Money Market Instruments, G-Sec, Bonds, Cash and Cash Equivalents, etc.	0	10	Low				
	Units issued by REITs and InvITs	0	10	Medium to High				
	*subject to overall limit of 25 companies							
Benchmark	Nifty 50 TRI							
Plans	The Scheme has two Plans:  (i) Regular Plan and  (ii) Direct Plan							
	Regular Plan is for Investors who purchase Distributor (AMFI Registered Distributor/AR)		units in a Scl	heme through any				
	Direct Plan is for investors who purchase/subscribe units in a Scheme directly with the Fund and is not routed through a Distributor (AMFI Registered Distributor/ARN Holder).							
Options (Under each plan)	IDCW* (IDCW Payout and IDCW Reinvestm	nent) and Gr	rowth					
	IDCW Option- Under this Option, the Trustee reserves the right to declare IDCW under the Scheme depending on the net distributable surplus available under the Option. It should, however be noted that actual declaration of IDCWs and the frequency of distribution will depend inter-alia, on the availability of distributable surplus and will be entirely at the discretion of the Trustees or any Committee authorised by them.							

		•	V payout option is equently d in the Option of the		s. 500/-, then it		
	Pursuant to SEBI Circular dated October 05, 2020, IDCW can be distributed out of investor's capital (Equalization Reserve), which is part of sale price that represents realized gains.						
	*Income Di	stribution cum capital	withdrawal option				
	to remain in option itself	earned and realized p vested until repurcha which will be reflect	orofit in respect of a use and shall be deeme ed in the NAV.	d to have remained	invested in the		
D - f 14 DI / O 4	Investors on	hassihina Thita ya da	Direct Diag of a Cal-	11.1 :1:4	- "Dinast Dlass"		
Default Plan/Option		-	r Direct Plan of a Sch application form. Inves				
		column of the applica					
	TP1 4 - 1-11				D:		
	Plan is as fo		rios for treatment of a	pplication under "I	Jirect/Regular*		
		nows.					
	Scenario	Broker Code	Plan mentioned by	Default Plan to			
		mentioned	the	be captured			
	1	by the investor	investor	Б.			
	1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct			
	2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct			
	3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct			
	4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct			
	5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct			
	6 7	Direct Mentioned	Regular	Direct			
			Regular Not Montioned	Regular			
	8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular			
	In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN code mentioned on the application form, the application will be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load, if applicable.						
Face Value	If the investor does not clearly specify the choice of option at the time of investing, it will be deemed that the investor has opted for Growth option and in case he does not specify payout/re-investment under IDCW option, it will be deemed to be IDCW re-investment.						
	Rs.10/- per unit.						
Minimum Application Amount		d in multiples of Re. 1					
	For System	atic Investment Plar	i (SIP):				
	SIP Frequency		Instalments	Choice of Day/			
	Weekly	Rs. 500/- and multip	ple Minimum – 12	any day of the we	eek from		

		CD 1/ 1 C	h /	M. 1		
		of Re. 1/- thereafter	Maximum – No Limit	Monday to Friday		
	Fortnightly	Rs. 500/- and multiple		1 <sup>st</sup> -14 <sup>th</sup> , 7 <sup>th</sup> - 21 <sup>st</sup> and 14 <sup>th</sup> -		
	ortingitiy		Maximum – No			
			Limit			
	Monthly	Rs. 500/- and multiple	Minimum – 12	Any day of the month except		
		of Re. 1/- thereafter	Maximum – No	29 <sup>th</sup> , 30 <sup>th</sup> or 31 <sup>st</sup>		
			Limit			
	Quarterly			Any day of the month for		
		•		each quarter (i.e. January,		
		thereafter	Limit	April, July, October) except 29 <sup>th</sup> , 30 <sup>th</sup> or 31 <sup>st</sup>		
	Annual		Minimum – 1	Any day or date of his/her		
		multiple of Re. 1/-	Maximum – No	preference		
		thereafter	Limit			
	T	CID 4-4- ' 'C'	1 :	detection the CID to the City	11 1	
				abiguity, the SIP transaction wi		
				oplication for SIP registration continue till it receives termina		
				pens to be a holiday / non-busi		
				day. No Post Dated cheques w		
	be accepted			cast 1 to 1 ost 2 area eneques	0010	
Minimum Additional Amount	•	d in multiples of Re. 1/-	thereafter.			
Minimum	Rs. 500/- and	d in multiples of Re. 1/-	thereafter or acco	ount balance, whichever is lower	r.	
Redemption Amount				·		
Loads	Entry Load:	Nil				
	Exit Load:					
	1% - If rede	emed on or before 15 da	ys from the date of	of allotment.		
	Nil - If redee	emed after 15 days from	the date of allotn	nent.		
	Focused 25 Motilal Osw and Midcap amended by switching be	Fund, Motilal Oswal ral Dynamic Fund, Mot Fund, Motilal Oswal AMC vide its addendurative Options within the	Midcap 30 Fund ilal Oswal Equity Multi Asset Fu m issued in this re ne Scheme. Further	etween the Schemes, Motilal Od, Motilal Oswal Flexi Cap F Hybrid Fund, Motilal Oswal L and and other schemes as mag egard. No Load shall be impose er, it is clarified that there will be ect plan within the same scheme	Fund, Large y be d for ne no	
Liquidity	The Scheme is open for Subscription and Redemption of Units on every Business Day on an ongoing basis. As per SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall despatch redemption proceeds within 10 Business Days of receiving a valid Redemption request. A penal interest of 15% per annum or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, will be paid in case the redemption proceeds are not made within 10 Business Days of the date of receipt of a valid redemption request.					
Transparency/NAV Disclosure The Mutual Fund / AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in a user friendly & downloadable	specified by www.motila p.m. on ever Business Hopress release publish the 1	by SEBI. The AM loswalmf.com and also by susiness day. If the burs on the following degiving reasons and e NAVs. The reason for d	C shall update on AMFI website NAVs are not a ay due to any reaxplaining when the lay in uploading	nd shall be disclosed in the made the NAVs on its we see www.amfiindia.com before 1 available before commencements on, the Mutual Fund shall is she Mutual Fund would be about NAV would be explained to A sending latest available NAV	bsite 1.00 nt of sue a le to MFI	

spreadsheet format, as on the last day of the month /half year for the scheme(s) on its website

(www.motilaloswalm f.com) and on the website of **AMFI** (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month/half year. In case of investors whose email addresses are with registered MOMF, the AMC shall send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/half year respectively. The portfolio statement will also be displayed on the website of the AMC and AMFI.

unitholders through SMS, upon receiving a specific request in this regard.

The AMC shall also make available the Annual Report of the Scheme within four months of the end of the financial year. The Annual Report shall also be displayed on the website of AMC and AMFI.

## I. INTRODUCTION

#### A. RISK FACTORS

#### **Standard Risk Factors:**

- Investment in Mutual Fund units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rate of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the Scheme may go up or down depending on various factors and forces affecting the capital market/debt market.
- Past performance of the Sponsor/AMC/Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Scheme.
- The name of the Scheme does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the Scheme or its future prospects and returns.
- The Sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 100,000 made by it towards setting up the Fund.
- The present Scheme is not a guaranteed or assured return Scheme.
- The NAV of the Scheme can go up or down depending on the factors and forces affecting the securities markets.
- Changes in Government policy in general and changes in tax benefits applicable to mutual funds may impact the returns to Investors in the Scheme.
- Investors in the Scheme are not being offered any guaranteed/indicated returns.

#### **Scheme Specific Risk Factors:**

The Scheme is subject to the principal risks described below. Some or all of these risks may adversely affect Scheme's NAV, yield, return and/or its ability to meet its objectives.

## • Market Risk

The Scheme's NAV will react to stock market movements. The Investor may lose money over short or long period due to fluctuation in Scheme's NAV in response to factors such as performance of companies whose stock comprises the underlying portfolio, economic and political developments, changes in interest rates, inflation and other monetary factors and movement in prices of underlining investments.

## • Risks associated with investing in Equities

Equity and Equity related instruments on account of its volatile nature are subject to price fluctuations on daily basis. The volatility in the value of the equity and equity related instruments is due to various micro and macro-economic factors affecting the securities markets. This may have adverse impact on individual securities /sector and consequently on the NAV of Scheme. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities as in certain cases, settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the schemes portfolio may result, at times, in potential losses to the scheme, should there be a subsequently decline in the value of the securities held in the schemes portfolio. Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of the investments. This may impact the ability of the unit holders to redeem their units. In view of this, the Trustee has the right, in its sole discretion to limit redemptions (including suspending redemptions) under certain circumstances. The Scheme may find itself invested in unlisted securities due to external events or corporate actions. This may increase the risk of the portfolio as these unlisted securities are inherently illiquid in nature and carry larger liquidity risk as compared to the listed securities or those that offer other exit options to the investors. Investments in equity and equity related securities involve high degree of risks and investors should not invest in the Scheme unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment.

#### • Right to Limit Redemptions

The Trustee, in the general interest of the unit holders of the Scheme offered under this SID and keeping in view of the unforeseen circumstances/unusual market conditions, may limit the total number of Units which can be redeemed on any Business Day subject to the guidelines/circulars issued by the Regulatory Authorities from time to time.

#### • Asset Class Risk

The returns from the types of securities in which the Scheme invests may underperform from the various general securities markets or different asset classes. Different types of securities tend to go through cycles of out-performance and under-performance in comparison with the general securities markets.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Changes in interest rates will affect the Scheme's Net Asset Value. The prices of securities usually increase as interest rates decline and usually decrease as interest rates rise. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is guided by duration, which is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and increase or decrease in the level of interest rate. The new level of interest rate is determined by the rate at which the government raises new money and/or the price levels at which the market is already dealing in existing securities. Prices of long-term securities generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than short-term securities. The price risk is low in the case of the floating rate or inflation-linked bonds. The price risk does not exist if the investment is made under a repo agreement. Debt markets, especially in developing markets like India, can be volatile leading to the possibility of price movements up or down in fixed income securities and thereby to possible movements in the NAV.

#### Credit Risk

Credit Risk means that the issuer of a security may default on interest payments or even paying back the principal amount on maturity. (i.e. the issuer may be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security). Even where no default occurs, the prices of security may go down because the credit rating of an issuer goes down. It must be, however, noted that where the Scheme has invested in Government securities, there is no risk to that extent.

#### • Liquidity or Marketability Risk

This refers to the ease at which a security can be sold at or near its true value. The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk is characteristic of the Indian fixed income market. Trading Volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme. Different segments of the Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such period may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances leading to delays in receipt of proceeds from sale of securities. As liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme could, at times, be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the Fund for redemption of units may be significant in the event of an inordinately large number of redemption requests or restructuring of the Scheme.

## • Risks associated with Investing in Derivatives

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of the fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

Derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analysis different from those associated with stocks. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but of the derivative itself. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast price or interest rate movements correctly. There is a possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio as a result of the failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counterparty") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices, illiquidity risk whereby the Scheme may not be able to sell or purchase derivative quickly enough at a fair price. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

#### Risks associated with Segregated portfolio

The AMC / Trustee shall decide on creation of segregated portfolio of the Scheme in case of a credit event/actual default at issuer level. Accordingly, Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer. The Security comprised of segregated portfolio may not realise any value. Further, Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognised stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

#### • Risks associated with Stock Lending

Stock Lending is a lending of securities through an SEBI approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed.

In case the Scheme undertakes stock lending as prescribed in the Regulations, it may, at times be exposed to counter party risk and other risks associated with the securities lending. Unitholders of the Scheme should note that there are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities lent. The Fund may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity.

## • Trading through mutual fund trading platforms of BSE and/ or NSE

In respect of transaction in Units of the Scheme through BSE and/ or NSE, allotment and redemption of Units on any Business Day will depend upon the order processing/settlement by BSE and/ or NSE and their respective clearing corporations on which the Mutual Fund has no control.

## • Risk associated with investing in fixed income securities and Money Market Instruments

a. Credit risk: Credit risk or default risk refers to the risk which may arise due to default on the part of the issuer of the fixed income security (i.e. will be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security). Because of this risk debentures are sold at a yield spread above those offered on Treasury securities, which are sovereign obligations and generally considered to be free of credit risk. Normally, the value of a fixed income security will fluctuate depending upon the actual changes in the perceived level of credit risk as well as the

actual event of default.

- b. **Counterparty risk:** Counterparty refers to the counterparty's inability to honor its commitments (payment, delivery, repayment, etc.) and to risk of default. This risk relates to the quality of the counterparty to which the scheme has exposures. Losses can occur in particular for the settlement/delivery of financial instruments.
- c. **Interest Rate risk:** This risk is associated with movements in interest rate depends on various factors such as government borrowing, inflation, economic performance etc. The value of investments will appreciate/depreciate if the interest rates fall/rise. However, if the investments are held on till maturity of the investments, the value of the investments will not be subjected to this risk.
- d. **Reinvestment risk:** This risk arises from uncertainty in the rate at which cash flows from the securities may be reinvested. This is because the bond will pay coupons, which will have to be reinvested. The rate at which the coupons will be reinvested will depend upon prevailing market rates at the time the coupons are received.
- e. **Liquidity or Marketability Risk:** This refers to the ease at which a security can be sold at or near its true value. The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk is characteristic of the Indian fixed income market.
- f. Different types of fixed income securities in which the Scheme would invest carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly, the Scheme risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. e.g. corporate bonds carry a higher level of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds, which are AAA rated, are comparatively less risky than bonds, which are AA rated.
- g. The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Scheme, to the extent invested in Debt and Money Market securities, will be affected by changes in the general level of interest rates. The NAV of the Scheme is expected to increase from a fall in interest rates while it would be adversely affected by an increase in the level of interest rates.

## h. Settlement Risk

Different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. Delays or other problems in settlement of transactions could result in temporary periods when the assets of the Scheme are un invested and no return is earned thereon. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme's portfolio, due to the absence of a well-developed and liquid secondary market for debt securities, may result at times in potential losses to the Scheme in the event of a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme's portfolio.

#### Risk Factors Associated with Investments in REITs and InvITs:

#### • Risk of lower than expected distributions

The distributions by the REIT or InvITs will be based on the net cash flows available for distribution. The amount of cash available for distribution principally depends upon the amount of cash that the REIT/ InvITs receives as IDCW on the interest and principal payments from portfolio assets. The cash flows generated by portfolio assets from operations may fluctuate primarily based on the below, amongst other things:

- > Success and economic viability of tenants and off-takers
- Economic cycles and risks inherent in the business which may negatively impact valuations, returns and profitability of portfolio assets
- Force majeure events related such as earthquakes, floods, etc. rendering the portfolio assets inoperable
- > Debt service requirements and other liabilities of the portfolio assets
- Fluctuations in the working capital needs of the portfolio assets
- Ability of portfolio assets to borrow funds and access capital markets
- Changes in applicable laws and regulations, which may restrict the payment of IDCW by portfolio assets
- Amount and timing of capital expenditures on portfolio assets
- Insurance policies may not provide adequate protection against various risks associated with operations of the REIT/InvITs such as fire, natural disasters, accidents, etc.
- > Taxation and regulatory factors

#### Price Risk

The valuation of REIT/ InvITs units may fluctuate based on economic conditions, fluctuations in markets (e.g. Real estate) in which the REIT/ InvITs operates and resulting impact on the value of the portfolio of assets, regulatory changes, force majeure events, etc. REITs and InvITs may have volatile cash flows. As an indirect shareholder of portfolio assets, unit holders rights are subordinated to the rights of creditors, debt holders and other parties specified under Indian Law in the event to insolvency or liquidation of any of the portfolio assets.

#### Market Risk

REITs and InvITs are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis owing to market movements. Investors may note that AMC/ Fund Manager's investment decisions may not always be profitable, as actual market movements may be at variance with the anticipated trends. The NAV of the Scheme is vulnerable to movements in the prices of securities invested by the scheme, due to various market related factors like changes in the general market conditions, factors and forces affecting capital market, level of interest rates, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures.

#### • Liquidity Risk

As the liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme(s) could, at times, be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the Mutual Fund for liquidating the investments in the scheme may be high in the event of immediate redemption requirement. Investment in such securities may lead to increase in the scheme portfolio risk.

#### • Reinvestment Risk

Investments in REITs & InvITs may carry reinvestment risk as there could be repatriation of funds by the Trusts in form of buyback of units or IDCW pay-outs, etc. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested in assets providing lower returns.

## • Risks associated with investing in Government of India Securities

- a. Market Liquidity risk with fixed rate Government of India Securities even though the Government of India Securities market is more liquid compared to other debt instruments, on certain occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility leading to constriction in market volumes. Also, the liquidity of the Scheme may suffer in case the relevant guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India undergo any adverse changes.
- b. Interest Rate risk associated with Government of India Securities while Government of India Securities generally carry relatively minimal credit risk since they are issued by the Government of India, they do carry price risk depending upon the general level of interest

rates prevailing from time to time. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates decline, the prices of fixed income securities increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the coupon rate, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates. The price-risk is not unique to Government of India Securities. It exists for all fixed income securities. Therefore, their prices tend to be influenced more by movement in interest rates in the financial system than by changes in the government's credit rating. By contrast, in the case of corporate or institutional fixed income Securities, such as bonds or debentures, prices are influenced by their respective credit standing as well as the general level of interest rates.

## • Risks associated with investing in TREPS Segments

The mutual fund is a member of securities and TREPS segments of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in TREPS segments are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. The members are required to contribute an amount as communicated by CCIL from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in settling transactions routed through CCIL). The mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL at any given point in time. In the event that the default waterfall is triggered and the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/default losses of another member by CCIL, the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund allocated to the scheme on a pro-rata basis.

## • Risk associated with investing in Repo of Corporate Bond Securities

To the extent the scheme invests in Repo of Corporate Bond Securities, the scheme will be subject to following risks –

Corporate Bond Repo will be subject to counter party risk.

The Scheme will be exposed to credit risk on the underlying collateral—downward migration of rating. The scheme may impose adequate haircut on the collateral to cushion against any diminution in the value of the collateral. Collateral will require to be rated AA and above rated where potential for downgrade/default is low. In addition, appropriate haircuts are applied on the market value of the underlying securities to adjust for the illiquidity and interest rate risk on the underlying instrument.

Liquidity of collateral: In the event of default by the counterparty, the scheme would have recourse to recover its investments by selling the collateral in the market. If the underlying collateral is illiquid, then the Mutual Fund may incur an impact cost at the time of sale (lower price realization).

## • Risk associated with potential change in Tax structure

This summary of tax implications given in the taxation section (Units and Offer Section III) is based on the current provisions of the applicable tax laws. This information is provided for general purpose only. The current taxation laws may change due to change in the 'Income Tax Act 1961' or any subsequent changes/amendments in Finance Act/Rules/Regulations. Any change may entail a higher outgo to the scheme or to the investors by way of securities transaction taxes, fees, taxes etc. thus adversely impacting the scheme and its returns.

#### B. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme/Plan shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme/Plan(s). In case the Scheme / Plan(s) does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme / Plan(s) shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days' notice to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

#### C. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Prospective investors should study this SID and SAI carefully in its entirety and should not
  construe the contents hereof as advise relating to legal, taxation, financial, investment or any
  other matters and are advised to consult their legal, tax, financial and other professional
  advisors to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other considerations of subscribing to or
  redeeming units before making a decision to invest/redeem/hold units.
- Neither this SID and SAI nor the units have been registered in any jurisdiction. The distribution of this SID or SAI in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or totally prohibited to registration requirements and accordingly, any person who comes into possession of this SID or SAI is required to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions and/ or legal compliance requirements of applicable laws and Regulations of such relevant jurisdiction. Any changes in SEBI/Stock Exchange/RBI regulations and other applicable laws/regulations could have an effect on such investments and valuation thereof.
- The AMC, Trustee or the Mutual Fund have not authorized any person to issue any advertisement or to give any information or to make any representations, either oral or written, other than that contained in this SID or SAI or as provided by the AMC in connection with this offering. Prospective Investors are advised not to rely upon any information or representation not incorporated in the SID or SAI or as provided by the AMC as having been authorized by the Mutual Fund, the AMC or the Trustee.
- The tax benefits described in this SID and SAI are as available under the present taxation laws and are available subject to relevant conditions. The information given is included only for general purpose and is based on advise received by the AMC regarding the law and practice currently in force in India as on the date of this SID and the Unitholders should be aware that the relevant fiscal rules or their interpretation may change. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or the proposed tax position prevailing at the time of an investment in the Scheme will endure indefinitely. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each Unitholder is advised to consult his / her own professional tax advisor.
- Redemptions due to change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme or due to any other reasons may entail tax consequences. The Trustee, AMC, Mutual Fund, their directors or their employees shall not be liable for any of the tax consequences that may arise.

- The Trustee, AMC, Mutual Fund, their directors or their employees shall not be liable for any of the tax consequences that may arise, in the event that the Scheme is wound up for the reasons and in the manner provided in SAI.
- The Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions there under to those intermediaries whose stamp appears on the application form or who have been designated as such by the investor. In addition, the Mutual Fund may disclose such details to the bankers, as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting payments to the investor. The Fund may also disclose such details to regulatory and statutory authorities/bodies as may be required or necessary.
- Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited (MOAMC) undertakes the following activities other than that of managing the Schemes of MOMF and has also obtained NOC from SEBI for the same:
  - a. MOAMC is a registered Portfolio Manager under SEBI (Portfolio Managers) Regulations, 1993 bearing registration number INP000000670 dated August 21, 2017.
  - b. MOAMC acts as an Investment Manager to the Schemes of Motilal Oswal Alternative Investment Trust and is registered under SEBI (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012 as Category III AIF bearing registration number IN/AIF3/13-14/0044 and IN/AIF3/19-20/0799 respectively.
  - c. MOAMC has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary in Mauritius which acts as an Investment Manager to the funds based in Mauritius.
  - d. MOAMC has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary in India which currently undertakes Investment Advisory Services/Portfolio Management Services to offshore clients.

AMC confirms that there is no conflict of interest between the aforesaid activities managed by AMC. In the situations of unavoidable conflicts of interest, the AMC undertakes that it shall satisfy itself that adequate disclosures are made of source of conflict, potential 'material risk or damage' to investor interest and develop parameters for the same.

- Apart from the above-mentioned activities, the AMC may undertake any business activities other than in the nature of management and advisory services provided to pooled assets including offshore funds, insurance funds, pension funds, provident funds, if any of such activities are not in conflict with the activities of the mutual fund subject to receipt of necessary regulatory approvals and approval of Trustees and by ensuring compliance with provisions of regulation 24(b) (i to viii). Provided further that the asset management company may, itself or through its subsidiaries, undertake portfolio management services and advisory services for other than broad based fund till further directions, as may be specified by the Board, subject to compliance with the following additional conditions:
  - i) it satisfies the Board that key personnel of the asset management company, the system, back office, bank and securities accounts are segregated activity wise and there exist system to prohibit access to inside information of various activities;
  - ii) it meets with the capital adequacy requirements, if any, separately for each of such activities and obtain separate approval, if necessary under the relevant regulations.

Explanation:—For the purpose of this regulation, the term 'broad based fund' shall mean the fund which has at least twenty investors and no single investor account for more than twenty five percent of corpus of the fund.

• The Trustee, in the general interest of the unit holders of the Scheme offered under this SID and keeping in view of the unforeseen circumstances/unusual market conditions, may limit the total number of Units which can be redeemed on any Business Day.

As the liquidity of the Scheme's investments may sometimes be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the Fund for Redemption of Units may be significant

in the event of an inordinately large number of Redemption requests. The Trustee has the right to limit redemptions under certain circumstances. Please refer to the section "Right to limit Redemption".

- Pursuant to the provisions of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 (PMLA), if after due diligence, the AMC believes that any transaction is suspicious in nature as regards money laundering, the AMC shall have absolute discretion to report such suspicious transactions to FIU-IND (Financial Intelligence Unit India) or such other authorities as prescribed under the rules/guidelines issued thereunder by SEBI and/or RBI and take any other actions as may be required for the purposes of fulfilling its obligations under PMLA and rules/guidelines issued thereunder by SEBI and/or RBI without obtaining the prior approval of the investor/Unitholder/ any other person.
- Investors applying for subscription of Units offered directly with the Fund (i.e. not routed through any distributor/agent) hereinafter referred to as 'Direct Plan' will be subject to a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc. and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under Direct Plan and therefore, shall not in any manner be construed as an investment advice offered by the Mutual Fund/AMC. The subscription of Units through Direct Plan is a facility offered to the investor only to execute his/her/their transactions at a lower expense ratio. Before making an investment decision, Investors are advised to consult their own investment and other professional advisors.

# • <u>Compliance with Foreign Accounts Tax Compliance Act "FATCA" / Common Reporting Standards "CRS"</u>

The Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) has notified Rules 114F to 114H (pertaining to FATCA-CRS), as part of the Income-tax Rules, 1962, which require Indian financial institutions such as Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund to seek additional personal, tax and beneficial owner information and certain certifications and documentation from its investors/unitholders. Please note that applications for account opening could be liable to be rejected where such FATCA-CRS related information or documentation is not provided.

In relevant cases, the Mutual Fund will have to, inter-alia, report account information (e.g. holdings, redemptions or IDCW) to tax authorities / other agencies, as may be required. In this respect, the Mutual Fund would rely on the relevant information provided by its Registrar and would also use its discretion.

The onus to provide accurate, adequate and timely information would be that of the investor. In this regard, any change in the information provided should be intimated to the Mutual Fund promptly, i.e., within 30 days by the investors/unitholders. Investors/unitholders should consult their own tax advisors for any advice on tax residency or any other aspects of FATCA –CRS. Please note that the Mutual Fund will be unable to provide any advice in this regard.

#### Disclaimer:

"Motilal Oswal Value Index (MOVI) is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by NSE Indices Ltd. MOVI has been exclusively customized for Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Ltd. (MOAMC) and has been developed and is being maintained as per the specifications and requirements of MOAMC. NSE Indices Ltd. does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied regarding the advisability of investing in the Product linked to MOVI and availing the services generally or particularly or the ability of MOVI to track general stock market performance in India. NSE Indices Ltd. has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Product based on MOVI.

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## Creation of segregated portfolio:

#### A. Introduction:

SEBI vide its circular dated 28 December, 2018 (SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/160) read with its circular dated 07 November, 2019 (SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2019/127), has advised that portfolios by mutual fund schemes investing in debt and money market instruments should have provision in the concerned SID for creating portfolio segregation.

Segregated Portfolio: The portfolio comprising of debt and money market instruments, which might be affected by a credit event and shall also include the unrated debt or money market instruments affected by actual default.

Main Portfolio: Scheme portfolio excluding segregated portfolio

Total Portfolio: Scheme portfolio including the securities affected by credit events

#### B. Need for segregated portfolio:

While very stringent internal credit evaluation norms are being followed by AMC/Mutual Fund, the risk of credit downgrade in portfolio companies due to various factors cannot be ruled out. In the event of credit downgrade the downgrade instrument generally become illiquid making it very difficult for the fund manager to dispose of such instrument/s. In such an event segregation of such an instrument from the main portfolio will prevent the distressed asset(s) damaging the returns generated from more liquid and better-performing assets of the portfolio. It also provides fair treatment to all existing, incoming and outgoing investors, as any recovery from the issuer in future would get distributed among those investors, who would have suffered a loss due to downgrade event.

#### C. Credit Events

Segregated portfolio may be created, in case of a credit event at issuer level i.e. downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA), as under:

- 1) Downgrade of a debt or money market instrument to 'below investment grade', or
- 2) Subsequent downgrades of the said instruments from 'below investment grade', or
- 3) Similar such downgrades of a loan rating.

The most conservative rating shall be considered, if there is difference in rating by multiple CRAs, Creation of segregated portfolio shall be based on issuer level credit events as detailed at "Credit Events" and implemented at the ISIN level.

Actual default (for unrated debt or money market instruments)

In case of unrated debt or money market instruments, the actual default of either the interest or principal amount by the issuer.

On occurrence of any default, the AMC shall inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Subsequent to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual default by the issuer, the AMC might segregate the portfolio of debt or money market instruments of the said issuer.

## D. Segregate portfolio creation process

Creation of segregated portfolio shall be optional and at the discretion of the AMC/ Trustees.

- a. The AMC may decide on creation of segregated portfolio on the day of credit event/ actual default (as applicable). Segregated portfolio has to be created at the issuer level i.e. the scheme having multiple segregated portfolios will have multiple segregated portfolios. Once decided, AMC shall
  - i. Seek Trustee prior approval,
- ii. Issue a press release immediately mentioning its intention to segregate such debt and money market instrument and its impact to investors. It should also disclose that the segregation shall be subject to trustee approval. Additionally, the said press release to be prominently disclosed on the website of the AMC.
- iii. The Trustee approval has to be secured in not more than one business day from the credit event/actual default date & meanwhile the subscription and redemption in the scheme shall be suspended for processing with respect to creation of units and payment on redemptions.
- b. On receipt of the Trustee approval
  - i. the segregated portfolio shall be created effective from credit event/actual default date
  - ii. AMC shall issue press release immediately mentioning all details pertaining to the segregated portfolio. The said information shall also be submitted to SEBI.
- iii. An e-mail or SMS should be sent to all unit holders of the concerned scheme.
- iv. The NAV of both segregated and main portfolio shall be disclosed from the day of the credit event/ Actual Default.
- v. All existing investors in the scheme as on the day of the credit event/actual default date will be allotted equal number of units in the segregated portfolio as held in the main portfolio.
- vi. No redemption or subscription will be allowed in the segregated portfolio/s. However, AMC shall enable the listing of the units of the segregated portfolio on recognized stock exchange within 10 working days from the date of its creation and shall also enable transfer of units on receipt of transfer request.
- c. If the trustees do not approve the proposal to segregate portfolio, AMC shall issue a press release immediately informing investors of the same.

#### E. Disclosure Requirements

Communication to the investors, NAV disclosure and other disclosure including scheme performance requirements for segregated portfolio shall be as per the norms specified in the above SEBI circular.

MOAMC will comply with all communication requirements /disclosure requirements prescribed by SEBI in an event of creation of segregated portfolio. This shall include disclosures of NAV, issue of account statement, press release announcing credit event and creation of segregated portfolio/s, Disclosure of segregated portfolio in (Monthly/Half Yearly) portfolio statement, etc.

The information regarding number of segregated portfolios created in a scheme shall appear prominently under the name of the scheme at all relevant places such as SID, KIM-cum-Application Form, advertisement, AMC and AMFI websites, etc.

If the Trustee rejects the segregated portfolio proposal then AMC to issue press release and inform the decision of the Trustee to investors, post which subscription and redemption applications will be processed based on the NAV of total portfolio.

#### F. Valuation of security:

From the date of credit downgrade to non-investment grade, the Security shall be valued based on principal of fair valuation & hair cut prescribed by the AMFI till the time valuation agency(ies) start providing valuation for the security.

The valuation of the instruments/portfolio shall be done based on the quote/price obtained from the independent valuation agency(ies). In cases where quote/price is not available from an independent agency, the Valuation Committee will decide the methodology for valuation of such instruments/portfolio.

All subscription and redemption requests for which NAV of the day of credit event/ Actual Default or subsequent day is applicable will be processed as per the existing circular on applicability of NAV as under:

i. Upon trustees' approval to create a segregated portfolio –

- Investors redeeming their units will get redemption proceeds based on the NAV of main portfolio and will continue to hold the units of segregated portfolio.
- Investors subscribing to the scheme will be allotted units only in the main portfolio based on its NAV.
- ii. In case trustees do not approve the proposal of segregated portfolio, subscription and redemption applications will be processed based on the NAV of total portfolio.

#### G. Total Expense Ratio (TER) for segregated portfolio:

AMC shall not charge investment and advisory fees on the segregated portfolio.

TER (including legal charges and excluding the investment and advisory fees) shall be charged pro-rata basis only on upon recovery of investment in the segregated portfolio. The legal charges related to recovery of the investments of the segregated portfolio may be charged to the segregated portfolio in proportion to the amount of recovery. The maximum TER limit shall be same as applicable to the main portfolio. TER in excess of limit shall be borne by AMC. However, the costs related to segregated portfolio shall in no case be charged to the main portfolio.

The TER so levied shall not exceed the simple average of such expenses (excluding the investment and advisory fees) charged on daily basis on the main portfolio (in % terms) during the period for which the segregated portfolio was in existence.

#### H. Distribution of recovery:

Any recovery of investment of the segregated portfolio/s (including recovery after write-off) shall be distributed immediately to the investors in proportion to their holdings in the segregated portfolio/s.

#### I. Monitoring of segregated portfolio:

Trustees shall monitor the compliance of the SEBI Circular in respect of creation of segregated portfolio and disclosure in this respect shall be made in Half-Yearly Trustee reports to be filed with SEBI.

#### J. Evaluation of negative impact on the performance incentives:

In order to avoid mis-use of the segregated portfolio, Trustees will put in place a mechanism to evaluate the negative impact of such segregation, on the performance incentives of the Fund Managers, Chief Investment Officers (CIOs), etc. involved in the investment process of securities under the segregated portfolio, mirroring the existing mechanism for performance incentives of MOAMC., including claw back of such amount to the segregated portfolio of the scheme.

The amount forfeited shall be credited to the segregated portfolio of the concern scheme(s) in the ratio of value of the securities downgraded in the respective schemes before the credit event.

#### K. Action Taken Report:

AMC shall put sincere efforts to recover the bad investment. An Action Taken Report should be prepared and placed before the Board of Trustee meeting/s till the matter is finally resolved.

#### Illustration of segregated portfolio

The below table shows how a security affected by a credit event will be segregated and its impact on investors:

Portfolio Date October 31, 2019

Downgrade Event Date October 31, 2019

Mr. X is holding 1000 units of the scheme for an amount of Rs 12,323.10 (1,000 \*12.3231)

#### Portfolio before downgrade event

Security	Rating	Type of	Quantity	Market	Market	% of
		the		Price Per	Value (Rs)	Net Assets
		security		Unit (Rs)		
8.50% A Ltd.	CRISIL	NCD	500	101.4821	50,741.05	41.18%
	AAA					
9.00 % B Ltd.	CRISIL	NCD	25	120.00	3000.00	2.43%
	AA+					
8.75% C Ltd.	CRISIL	NCD	25	100.7341	2518.35	2.04%
	AA+					
8.00% D Ltd.	CRISIL	NCD	375	102.7886	38,545	31.28%

	AA+					
Cash & cash					28,425.52	23.07%
equivalents						
Net Assets					1,23,230.63	100.00%
Unit capital (no					10,000.000	
of units)						
NAV (In Rs)					12.3231	
Security	9.00% B	from AA+ to	D D			
downgraded	Ltd.					
Valuation	75.00%	Valuation agencies shall be providing the valuation price post				
Marked		consideration of standard haircut matrix.				
down by						

## Total Portfolio as on October 31, 2019

Security	Rating	Type of the security	Quantity	Market Price Per Unit (Rs)	Market Value (Rs)	% of Net Assets
8.50% A Ltd.	CRISIL	NCD	500	101.4821	50,741.05	41.94%
	AAA					
9.00 % B Ltd.	CRISIL D	NCD	25	30.00	750	0.62%
8.75% C Ltd.	CRISIL	NCD	25	100.7341	2518.35	2.08%
	AA+					
8.00% D Ltd.	CRISIL	NCD	375	102.7886	38,545	31.86%
	AA+					
Cash & cash					28,425.52	23.50%
equivalents						
Net Assets					120,980.63	100.00%
Unit capital (no					10,000.000	
of units)						
NAV (In Rs)					12.0981	

## Main Portfolio as on October 31 2019

Security	Rating	Type of the security	Quantity	Market Price Per Unit (Rs)	Market Value (Rs)	% of Net Assets
8.50% A Ltd.	CRISIL AAA	NCD	500	101.4821	50,741.05	42.20%
8.75% C Ltd.	CRISIL AA+	NCD	25	100.7341	2518.35	2.09%
8.00% D Ltd.	CRISIL AA+	NCD	375	102.7886	38,545	32.06%
Cash & cash equivalents					28,425.52	23.64%
Net Assets					120,230.63	100.00%
Unit capital (no of units)					10,000.000	
NAV (In Rs)					12.0231	

## Segregated Portfolio as on October 31, 2019

Security	Rating	Type of	Quantity	Market	Market	% of
		the		Price Per	Value (Rs)	Net Assets

		security		Unit (Rs)		
9.00 % B Ltd.	CRISIL D	NCD	25	30.00	750	100%
Net Assets					750	100.00%
Unit capital (no					10,000.000	
of units)						
NAV (In Rs)					0.075	

Net impact on value of holding of Mr. X after creation of segregation portfolio

	Main Portfolio	Segregated Portfolio	Total Value
No. of Units	1.000	1000	
NAV (in Rs)	12.0231	0.075	
Total Value (in Rs)	12,023.10	75	12,098.10

#### Listing of Mutual Fund schemes that are in the process of winding up

When the schemes in the process of winding-up in terms of Regulation 39(2)(a) of MF Regulations, its units shall be listed on recognized stock exchange provide an exit to investors, subject to compliance with listing formalities as stipulated by the stock exchange.

However, pursuant to listing, trading on stock exchange mechanism will not be mandatory for investors, rather, if they so desire, may avail an optional channel to exit provided to them.

Trading in units of such a listed scheme that is under the process of winding up, shall be in dematerialised form. AMCs shall enable transfer of such units which are held in form of Statement of Account (SoA) / unit certificates.

Detailed operational modalities for trading and settlement of units of MF schemes that are under the process of winding up, shall be finalized by the stock exchanges where units of such schemes are being listed, in consultation with SEBI. The operational modalities shall include the following:

- a. Mechanism for order placement, execution, payment and settlement;
- b. Enabling bulk orders to be placed for trading in units;
- c. Issue related to suspension of trading, declaration of date for determining the eligibility of unitholders etc. in respect of payments to be made by the AMC as part of the winding up process;
- d. Disclosures to be made by AMCs including disclosure of NAV on daily basis and scheme portfolio periodically etc.

The stock exchange will develop a mechanism along with RTA for trading and settlement of such units held in the form of SoA/ Unit Certificate

The AMC, its sponsor, employees of AMC and Trustee shall not be permitted to transact (buy or sell) in the units of such schemes that are under the process of being wound up. The compliance of the same will be monitored both by the Board of AMC and Trustee.

### **D.DEFINITION & ABBREVIATION**

In this SID, the following words and expressions shall have the meaning specified below, unless the context otherwise requires:

Applicable NAV	Unless stated otherwise in this document, 'Applicable NAV' is the Net Asset			
	Value at the close of a Business/Working Day on which the purchase or			

	redemption is sought by an investor and determined by the Fund.
Applicable NAV for redemptions and switch-outs	In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 pm on a business day by the Mutual Fund, same day's closing NAV shall be applicable.  In respect of valid applications received after the cut off time by the Mutual
5 11 2022 6 2205	Fund: the closing NAV of the next business day.
AMFI Certified Stock Exchange Brokers	A person who is registered with Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) as Mutual Fund Advisor and who has signed up with Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited and also registered with BSE & NSE as a Participant.
Asset Management	Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited (MOAMC), a Company
Company or AMC	incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, and approved
or Investment Manager or MOAMC	by SEBI to act as the Asset Management Company for the Schemes of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund.
Business Day /	Any day other than:
Working Day	(a) Saturday and Sunday
	(b) a day on which capital/debt markets/money markets in Mumbai are closed or are unable to trade for any reason
	(c) a day on which the Banks in Mumbai are closed or RBI is closed
	(d) a day on which both the BSE Ltd. and National Stock Exchange of India
	Ltd. are closed
	(e) a day which is public/Bank holiday at a collection centre/ investor service
	centre/official point of acceptance where the application is received (f) a day on which sale and repurchase of units is suspended by the
	Trustee/AMC
	(g) a day on which normal business could not be transacted due to storms,
	floods, bandhs, strikes or such other event as the AMC may specify from
	time to time.
	However, the AMC reserves the right to declare any day as the Business / Working Day or otherwise at any or all collection centres / investor service centre / official point of acceptance.
<b>Business Hours</b>	Business hours are from 10.00 A.M. to 3.00 P.M. on any Business Day.
BSE/NSE	Bombay Stock Exchange /National Stock Exchange
Calendar Year	A Calendar Year shall be 12 full English Calendar months commencing from 1 <sup>st</sup> January and ending on 31 <sup>st</sup> December.
Collecting Bank	Branches of Banks during the New Fund Offer Period authorized to receive application(s) for units, as mentioned in this document.
Custodian	A person who has been granted a certificate of registration to carry on the business of custodian of securities by SEBI under the SEBI (Custodian of Securities) Regulations, 1996 which for the time being is Deutsche Bank AG.
Cut-Off time	Cut off timing in relation to subscription and redemption of Units means the
	outer limits of timings on a particular Business Day which are relevant for determination of Applicable NAV that is to be applied for the transaction.
<b>Debt Instruments</b>	Government securities, corporate debentures, bonds, promissory notes, money market instruments, pass through certificates, asset backed securities / securitised debt and other possible similar securities.
Depository	As defined in the Depositories Act, 1996 and includes National Securities
	Depository Ltd (NSDL) and Central Depository Services Ltd (CDSL).
Depository	A person registered as such under sub section (1A) of section 12 of the
Participant	Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.

Derivative	
Exposure"	Derivative includes (i) a security derived from an equity index or from a debt instrument, equity share, loan whether secured or unsecured, risk instrument
	or contract for differences or any other form of security; (ii) a contract which
	derives its value from the prices, or index of prices, or underlying securities.
	derives his value from the prices, of mack of prices, of analitying securities.
	SEBI Circular No. Cir / IMD / DF / 11 / 2010 dated August 18, 2010
	Each position taken in derivatives shall have an associated exposure as
	defined under Exposure is the maximum possible loss that may occur on a
	position. However, certain derivative positions may theoretically have
	unlimited possible loss. Exposure in derivative positions shall be computed as
	follows:
	Long Futures: Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts Short Futures: Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
	Option Bought : Option Premium Paid * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
	option Bought : option Fremium Full
Distributor	Such persons/firms/ companies/ corporate who fulfil the criteria laid down by
	SEBI/AMFI from time to time and empanelled by the AMC to
	distribute/sell/market the Schemes of the Fund.
IDCW (Income	Income distributed by the Mutual Fund on the Units.
Distribution cum	
capital withdrawal)	
Entry Load	Load on Sale/Switch-in of Units.
Exit Load	Load on repurchase / redemption/Switch-out of Units.
<b>Equity</b> Related	Equity Related Instruments includes convertible bonds and debentures,
Instruments	convertible preference shares, warrants carrying the right to obtain equity
	shares, equity derivatives and any other like instrument.
<b>Equity Derivative</b>	Equity Derivatives are financial instrument, generally traded on an exchange,
	the price of which is directly dependent upon (i.e. "derived from") the value of equity shares or equity indices.
	of equity shares of equity findrees.
	Derivatives involve the trading of rights or obligations based on the
	underlying, but do not directly transfer property.
Foreign Portfolio	FPI means a person who satisfies the eligibility criteria prescribed under
Investor or FPI	Regulation 4 and has been registered under Chapter II of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investor) Regulations, 2014
	Exchange Board of fileda (1 of eight fortion of fivestor) Regulations, 2014
	Provided that any foreign institutional investor or qualified foreign investor
	who holds a valid certificate of registration shall be deemed to be a foreign
	portfolio investor till the expiry of the block of three Years for which fees
	have been paid as per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 1995.
	institutional investors) regulations, 1773.
Gilts or	Means securities created and issued by the Central Government and/or State
Government	Government (including treasury bill) or Government Securities as defined in
Securities' NSE Indices Ltd	The Government Securities Act, 2006 as amended from time to time.
INSE Maices Lta	NSE Indices Ltd a subsidiary of NSE Strategic Investment Corporation Limited.
Investment	Investment Management Agreement dated May 21, 2009, as amended from
Management	time to time, entered into between Motilal Oswal Trustee Company Ltd. and
Agreement / IMA	MOAMC.

InvIT	Infrastructure Investment Trust (InvIT) shall mean the trust registered as such under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014
Large Cap	1 <sup>st</sup> – 100 <sup>th</sup> company in terms of full market capitalisation
Load	In case of subscription, the amount paid by the prospective investors on purchase of a unit (Entry Load) in addition to the Applicable NAV and in case of redemption, the amount deducted from the Applicable NAV on the redemption of unit (Exit Load).
	Presently, entry load cannot be charged by Mutual Fund scheme.
Money market instruments	Includes Commercial papers, Commercial bills, Treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, Bills Rediscounting, Repos, Triparty Repo, usance bills, and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
Mutual Fund	Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund (MOMF), a trust set up under the provisions of Indian Trust Act, 1882 and registered with SEBI vide Registration no. MF/063/09/04.
Net Asset Value / NAV	Net Asset Value per unit of the Scheme calculated in the manner described in this SID or as may be prescribed by the SEBI Regulations from time to time.
Nifty 50 Index	Nifty 50 Index means an Index owned and operated by NSE Indices Ltd.
NRI or Non Resident Indian	A person resident outside India who is a citizen of India or is a person of Indian origin as per the meaning assigned to the term under the Foreign Exchange Management (Investment in Firm or Proprietary Concern in India) Regulations, 2000.
Person of Indian Origin	A citizen of any country other than Bangladesh or Pakistan, if (a) he at any time held an Indian passport; or (b) he or either of his parents or any of his grandparents was a citizen of India by virtue of Constitution of India or the Citizenship Act, 1955 (57 of 1955); or (c) the person is a spouse of an Indian citizen or person referred to in sub-clause (a) or (b).
Qualified Foreign Investor (QFI)	Qualified Foreign Investor means a person who has opened a dematerialized account with a qualified depository participant as a qualified foreign investor.
	Provided that any foreign institutional investor or qualified foreign investor who holds a valid certificate of registration shall be deemed to be a foreign portfolio investor till the expiry of the block of three years for which fees have been paid as per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 1995.
Reserve Bank of India or RBI	The Reserve Bank of India established under The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
Redemption/Repurc	Redemption of units of the Scheme as permitted under applicable regulations.
Registrar and Transfer Agent	KFin Technologies Private Limited, registered under the SEBI (Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993.

REIT	Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) shall mean a trust registered as such
KEII	under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Real Estate Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014.
Repo or Reverse Repo	Sale/Purchase of Government Securities with simultaneous agreement to repurchase/resell them at a later date.
Sale / Subscription	Sale or allotment of units to the Unitholder upon subscription by the investor/applicant under the Scheme.
Scheme	Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund
Scheme Information Document (SID)	This document issued by Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund for offering units of the Scheme.
SEBI	Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 as amended from time to time.
SEBI Regulations	SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 as amended from time to time.
Sponsor	Motilal Oswal Financial Services Ltd (MOFSL).
Statement of Additional Information (SAI)	The document issued by Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund containing details of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund, its constitution and certain tax, legal and general information. SAI is legally a part of the SID.
Switch	Redemption of a unit in any scheme (including the plans / options therein) of the Mutual Fund against purchase of a unit in another scheme (including plans/options therein) of the Mutual Fund, subject to completion of lock-in period, if any, of the units of the scheme(s) from where the units are being switched.
Systematic Investment Plan or SIP	Facility given to the Unit holders to invest specified sums in the Scheme on periodic basis by giving a single instruction.
Systematic Transfer Plan or STP	Facility given to the Unit holders to transfer sums on periodic basis from one scheme to another schemes launched by the Mutual Fund from time to time by giving a single instruction.
Systematic Withdrawal Plan or SWP	Facility given to the Unit holders to withdraw amounts from the Scheme on periodic basis by giving a single instruction.
Tri-party Repo	Repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction.
Trustee	Motilal Oswal Trustee Company Ltd. (MOTC), a Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 and approved by SEBI to act as Trustee of the Schemes of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund.
Trust Deed	The Deed of Trust dated May 29, 2009 made by and between the Sponsor and the Trustee Company establishing the Mutual Fund, as amended by Deed of First Variation dated December 7, 2009, Deed of Second Variation dated December 17, 2009 and Deed of Third Variation dated August 21, 2018.
Unit	The interest of Unitholder which consists of each unit representing one

	undivided share in the assets of the Scheme.			
Unitholder / Investor	A person holding unit(s) in the Scheme of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund offered under this SID.			

## **Interpretation:**

For all purposes of this SID, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:

- all references to the masculine shall include feminine and all reference to the singular shall include plural and vice-versa.
- all references to Unit holders whether masculine or feminine include references to non-individuals unless repugnant to the context thereof.
- all references to "dollars" or "\$" refer to the Unites States Dollars and "Rs" refer to the Indian Rupees. A "crore" means "ten million" and a "lakh" means a "hundred thousand".
- all references to timings relate to Indian Standard Time (IST).
- Headings are for ease of reference only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of this Document.

## E. DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the proposed Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.

For Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited (Investment Manager for Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund)

Sd/-

Aparna Karmase Head – Compliance, Legal & Secretarial

Place: Mumbai

Date: October 29, 2021

#### II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

#### A. TYPE OF THE SCHEME

An open ended equity scheme investing in maximum 25 stocks intending to focus on Large Cap stocks

#### B. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the Scheme is to achieve long term capital appreciation by investing in upto 25 companies with long term sustainable competitive advantage and growth potential.

However, there can be no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme would be achieved.

## C. ASSET ALLOCATION

The asset allocation pattern of the Scheme would be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)		Risk Profile	
	Minimum	Maximum	High/Medium/Low	
Equity and equity related instruments* selected from Top 100 listed companies by full market capitalization	65	100	High	
Equity and equity related instruments* other than above	0	35	High	
Debt, Money Market Instruments, G-Sec, Bonds, Cash and Cash Equivalents, etc.	0	10	Low	
Units issued by REITs and InvITs	0	10	Medium to High	

<sup>\*</sup>subject to overall limit of 25 companies

Money Market Instruments include T-Bills, and Government securities with an unexpired maturity upto one year, Tri-party repo (TREPS) & Repo/ Reverse Repo.

The scheme shall invest in equity and equity related instruments as per the investment objective of the scheme. While it is the intention of the Scheme to maintain the maximum exposure guidelines provided in the table above, there may be instances when these percentages may be exceeded. Typically, this may occur while the Scheme is new and the corpus is small thereby causing diversification issues.

Exposure by the Scheme in derivative instruments shall not exceed 50% of the total Net Assets of Scheme. The Scheme will not participate in stock lending more than 20% of total Net Assets of the Scheme and would limit its exposure with regard to stock lending for a single intermediary to the extent of 5% of the total net assets at the time of lending.

The scheme will not invest in Securitized debt and foreign securities.

The Scheme may invest in units of REITs/InvITs to the extent mentioned in asset allocation and in line with, SEBI (Mutual Funds) (Amendment) Regulations, 2017.

The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, derivative positions (including commodity and fixed income derivatives), repo transactions and credit default swaps in corporate debt securities, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs), Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs), other permitted

securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the Board from time to time will not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

The Scheme may review the above pattern of investments based on views on Indian equities and asset liability management needs. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme. Subject to the Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations, legislative amendments and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions can vary depending upon the perception of the fund manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive considerations only. The exposure to large cap stocks which are classified as such by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) or Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) from time to time, in terms of SEBI Circular dated October 6, 2017. This list would be uploaded on AMFI website and updated every six months; accordingly, the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio of the Scheme within the stipulated period (at present 1 month).

In addition to above, in case of deviation, if any, from the asset allocation pattern, the AMC shall rebalance the portfolio within a period of 30 calendar days. When the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 calendar days, justification for the same shall be placed before the Investment Committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Committee shall then decide on the course of action

#### CHANGES IN INVESTMENT PATTERN

The asset allocation indicated above may change from time to time keeping in view the market conditions, legislative and regulative amendments and political and economic factors, subject to Regulations. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are purely indicative and can change substantially depending on the perception of the Investment Manager with the sole intention of protecting the interests of the Unitholders. The Fund shall seek Unitholders approval if necessary and in accordance with the Regulations, if there is any change in the Fundamental attributes, pursuant to the change in Investment Pattern. While it is the intention of the Scheme to maintain the maximum exposure guidelines provided in the table above there might be instances when these percentages may be exceeded.

## Explanation:

- a. In case of securities where the principal is to be repaid in a single payout the maturity of the securities shall mean residual maturity. In case the principal is to be repaid in more than one payout then the maturity of the securities shall be calculated on the basis of weighted average maturity of security.
- b. In case the maturity of the security falls on a non-business day then settlement of securities will take place on the next business day.

The Scheme will retain the flexibility to invest in the entire range of securities as per investment objectives of the Scheme and as per the SEBI Regulations.

## D. INVESTMENT BY THE SCHEME

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested primarily in Equity and Equity Related Securities. The Scheme may invest its corpus in debt and Money Market Instruments, G-Sec, Bonds, Cash and cash equivalents, REITs and InvITs, etc.

Subject to the Regulations and other prevailing Laws as applicable, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following Securities:

- Equity and Equity Related Securities
- Debt Securities and Money Market Instruments (including reverse repos and Tri-party repo)
- Derivatives as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI
- Pending deployment of funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the funds may be
  parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to guidelines and limits
  specified by SEBI.
- Investment in units of Real Estate Investment Trust (**REIT**) & Infrastructure Investment Trust (**InvIT**)
- Any other instruments as may be permitted by RBI / SEBI regulatory authorities under prevailing Laws from time to time.

The investment restrictions and the limits are specified in the Schedule VII of SEBI Regulations which are mentioned in the section 'Investment Restrictions'.

The Securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity. The Securities may be acquired through initial public offerings, secondary market operations, and private placement, rights offers or negotiated transactions. The scheme may invest the funds of the scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks as permitted under extant regulations as per SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.9/20306/03 dated November 12, 2003, SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/Cir No.1/91171/07 dated April 16, 2007 and Clause 8 of Seventh Schedule of Mutual Funds Regulations, 1996. As per the stated Regulations, Mutual Funds shall not park more than 15% of their net assets in short term deposits of all scheduled commercial banks put together. This limit however may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees. Also, parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of the total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.

#### **Investments in Derivative Instruments**

The Scheme may invest in derivative products from time to time, for portfolio rebalancing and hedging purposes. The Scheme may enter into forward contracts, future contracts or buy or sell options or any other instruments that are permissible or may be permissible in future under applicable regulations and such investments shall be in accordance with the investment objective of the Scheme.

Exposure by the Scheme in derivative instruments shall not exceed 50% of the total Net Assets of Scheme.

#### (a) Limit for investment in Derivative instruments

In accordance with SEBI Circular no. DNPD/Cir-29/2005 dated September 14, 2005, Circular no. DNPD/Cir-30/2006 dated January 20, 2006 and Circular no. SEBI/DNPD/Cir-31/2006 dated September 22, 2006, Circular no. Cir/IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010, SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2017/109, dated September 27, 2017 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2019/17 dated January 16, 2019, the following conditions shall apply to the Scheme's participation in the Derivatives market. The investment restrictions applicable to the Scheme's participation in the Derivatives market will be as prescribed or varied by SEBI from time to time.

## i. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in index options contracts

a. The Mutual Fund's position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index options, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.

b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.

#### ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in index futures contracts

SID of Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund

- a. The Mutual Fund's position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per stock Exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

#### iii. Additional position limit for hedging for the Mutual Fund:

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, the Mutual Fund may take exposure in equity index Derivatives subject to the following limits:

- a. Short positions in index Derivatives (short futures and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Fund's holding of stocks.
- b. Long positions in index Derivatives (long futures and long calls) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, Government Securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

#### iv. Position limit for the Mutual Fund for stock based Derivative contracts

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts will be as follows:-

• The combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

#### v. Position limit for each scheme of the Mutual Fund

The scheme-wise position limit requirements shall be:

- a. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all Derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of the Scheme shall not exceed the higher of:
- 1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares) or 5% of the open interest in the Derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).
- b. This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all Derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a stock exchange.
- c. For index based contracts, the Fund shall disclose the total open interest held by its schemes or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all Derivative contracts on that underlying index.

As and when SEBI notifies amended limits in position limits for exchange traded derivative contracts in future, the aforesaid position limits, to the extent relevant, shall be read as if they were substituted with the SEBI amended limits.

#### **Exposure Limits for all schemes**

The cumulative gross exposure to Equity, Debt, REITs and InvITs will not exceed 100% of the Net Assets of the Scheme. The Fund shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options. The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.

Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:

- a. Hedging positions are the Derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in Securities and till the existing position remains.
- b. Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing Derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned above.
- c. Any Derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
- d. The quantity of underlying associated with the Derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.

However, exposure due to Derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned above.

## **Concepts and Examples:**

#### **Futures**

Futures (Index & Stocks) are forward contracts traded on the exchanges & have been introduced both by BSE and NSE. Currently futures of 1 month (near month), 2 months (next month) and 3 months (far month) are presently traded on these exchanges. These futures expire on the last working Thursday of the respective months.

#### **Illustration with Index Futures**

In case the Nifty near month future contract is trading at say, Rs. 9,600, and the fund manager has a view that it will depreciate going forward; the Scheme can initiate a sale transaction of Nifty futures at Rs. 9,610 without holding a portfolio of equity stocks or any other underlying long equity position. Once the price falls to Rs. 9,500 after say, 20 days, the Scheme can initiate a square-up transaction by buying the said futures and book a profit of Rs. 110.

Correspondingly, if the fund manager has a positive view he can initiate a long position in the index / stock futures without an underlying cash/ cash equivalent subject to the extant regulations.

There are futures based on stock indices as mentioned above as also futures based on individual stocks. The profitability of index /stock future as compared to an individual security will inter-alia depend upon:

- The Carrying cost,
- The interest available on surplus funds, and
- The transaction cost

#### Example of a typical future trade and the associated costs:

Particulars	Index	Actual
	Future	Purchase
		of
		Stocks
Index at the beginning of the month	9,600	9,600
Price of 1 Month Future	9,620	-
A. Execution Cost: Carry and other index future costs	20	-
B. Brokerage Costs (0.05% of Index Future and 0.12% for spot stocks)	4.81	11.52
C. Gains on Surplus Funds: (Assumed 6.00% p.a. return on 85% of the	40.325	0
money left after paying 15% margin)		

(6.00% *9600*85% *30days/365)		
Total Cost (A+B-C)	-15.51	11.52

## Few strategies that employ stock /index futures and their objectives:

## A. Arbitrage

1. Buying spot and selling future: Where the stock of a company "A" is trading in the spot market at Rs. 100 while it trades at Rs. 102 in the futures market, then the Scheme may buy the stock at spot and sell in the futures market thereby earning Rs. 2.

Buying the stock in cash market and selling the futures results into a hedge where the Scheme has locked in a spread and is not affected by the price movement of cash market and futures market. The arbitrage position can be continued till expiry of the future contracts when there is a convergence between the cash market and the futures market. This convergence enables the Scheme to generate the arbitrage return locked in earlier.

2. Selling spot and buying future: In case the Scheme holds the stock of a company "A" at say Rs. 100 while in the futures market it trades at a discount to the spot price say at Rs. 98, then the Scheme may sell the stock and buy the futures.

On the date of expiry of the stock future, the Scheme may reverse the transactions (i.e. buying at spot & selling futures) and earn a risk-free Rs. 2 (2% absolute) on its holdings without any dilution of the view of the fund manager on the underlying stock.

Further, the Scheme can still benefit from any movement of the price in the upward direction, i.e. if on the date of expiry of the futures, the stock trades at Rs. 110 which would be the price of the futures too, the Scheme will have a benefit of Rs. 10 whereby the Scheme gets the 10% upside movement together with the 2% benefit on the arbitrage and thus getting a total return of 12%. The corresponding return in case of holding the stock would have been 10%.

Note: The same strategy can be replicated with a basket of Nifty-50 stocks (Synthetic NIFTY) and the Nifty future index.

## B. Buying/ Selling Stock future:

When the Scheme wants to initiate a long position in a stock whose spot price is at say, Rs.100 and futures is at 98, then the Scheme may just buy the futures contract instead of the spot thereby benefiting from a lower cost.

In case the Scheme has a bearish view on a stock which is trading in the spot market at Rs.98 and the futures market at say Rs. 100, the Scheme may subject to regulations, initiate a short position in the futures contract. In case the prices align with the view and the price depreciates to say Rs. 90, the Scheme can square up the short position thereby earning a profit of Rs.10 vis-a- vis a fall in stock price of Rs. 8.

#### C. Hedging:

The Scheme may use exchange-traded derivatives to hedge the equity portfolio. Both index and stock futures and options may be used to hedge the stocks in the portfolio.

#### D. Alpha Strategy:

The Scheme will seek to generate alpha by superior stock selection and removing market risks by selling appropriate index. For example, one can seek to generate positive alpha by buying a bank stock and selling Bank Nifty future.

## Risk associated with these strategies:

1. Lack of opportunities

- 2. Inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying security and
- 3. Execution Risk, whereby ultimate execution takes place at a different rates than those devised by the strategy.

Execution of these strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify and execute based on such opportunities. These involve significant uncertainties and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

## **Option Contracts (Stock and Index)**

An Option gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to buy (call) or sell (put) a stock at an agreed upon price during a certain period of time or on a specific date.

Options are used to manage risk or as an investment to generate income. The price at which underlying security is contracted to be purchased or sold is called the Strike Price.

Options that can be exercised on or before the expiration date are called American Options while, Options that can be exercised only on the expiration date are called European Options

Options Risk / Return Pay – off Table

	Stock / Index Options	Buy Call	Sell Call	Buy Put	Sell Put
1.	View on Underlying	Positive	Negative	Negative	Positive
2.	Premium	Pay	Receive	Pay	Receive
3.	Risk Potential	Limited to	Receive	Limited to	Receive
		premium paid		premium paid	
4.	Return Potential	Unlimited	Premium	Unlimited	Premium
			Received		Received

Note: The above table is for the purpose of explaining concept of options contract. As per the current Regulations, the Scheme(s) cannot write option or purchase instrument with embedded write option.

#### Option contracts are of two types - Call and Put

## **Call Option:**

A call option gives the buyer, the right to buy specified quantity of the underlying asset at the set strike price on or before expiration date and the seller (writer) of call option however, has the obligation to sell the underlying asset if the buyer of the call option decides to exercise the option to buy.

## **Put Option:**

A put option gives the buyer the right to sell specified quantity of the underlying asset at the set strike price on or before expiration date and the seller (writer) of put option however, has the obligation to buy the underlying asset if the buyer of the put option decides to exercise his option to sell.

#### **Index Options / Stock Options**

Index options / Stock options are termed to be an efficient way of buying / selling an index/stock compared to buying / selling a portfolio of physical shares representing an index for ease of execution and settlement. The participation can be done by buying / selling either Index futures or by buying a call/put option.

The risk are also different when index /stock futures are bought/sold vis-a-vis index/ stocks options as in case of an index future there is a mark to market variation and the risk is much higher as compared to buying an option, where the risk is limited to the extent of premium paid.

In terms of provision of SEBI circular dated August 18, 2010, the Scheme shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.

The illustration below explains how one can gain using Index call / put option. These same principals of profit / loss in an Index option apply in Toto to that for a stock option.

## **Call Option**

Suppose an investor buys a Call option on 1 lot of Nifty 50 (Lot Size: 75 units)

- Nifty index (European option)
- Nifty 1 Lot Size: 75 units
- Spot Price (S): 9600
- Strike Price (x): 9700 (Out-of-Money Call Option)
- Premium: 37

Total Amount paid by the investor as premium [75\*37] =2775

There are two possibilities i.e. either the index moves up over the strike price or remains below the strike price.

#### Case 1- The index goes up

## An investor sells the Nifty Option described above before expiry:

Suppose the Nifty index moves up to 9900 in the spot market and the premium has moved to Rs 250 and there are 15 days more left for the expiry. The investor decides to reverse his position in the market by selling his 1 Nifty call option as the option now is In the Money.

His gains are as follows:

- Nifty Spot: 9600
- Current Premium: Rs.250
- Premium paid: Rs.37
- Net Gain: Rs.250- Rs.37 = Rs.213 per unit
- Total gain on 1 lot of Nifty (75 units) = Rs.15,975 (75\*213)

In this case the premium of Rs.250 has an intrinsic value of Rs. 200 per unit and the remaining Rs. 50 is the time value of the option.

## • An investor exercises the Nifty Option at expiry

Suppose the Nifty index moves up to 9800 in the spot market on the expiry day and the investor decides to reverse his position in the market by exercising the Nifty call option as the option now is in the money.

His gains are as follows:

- Nifty Spot: 9800
- Premium paid: Rs.37
- Exercise Price: 9700
- Receivable on exercise: 9800-9700 = 100
- Total Gain: Rs. 4725 {(100-37)\*75}

In this case the realised gain is only the intrinsic value, which is Rs.100, and there is no time value.

# Case 2 - The Nifty index moves to any level below 9700

Then the investor does not gain anything but on the other hand his loss is limited to the premium paid: Net Loss is Rs.2775 (Loss is capped to the extent of Premium Paid) (Rs 37 Premium paid\*Lot Size: 75 units).

#### **Put Option**

Suppose an investor buys a Put option on 1 lot of Nifty 50.

• Nifty 1 Lot Size: 75 units

• Spot Price (S): 9600

• Strike Price (x): 9500 (Out-of-Money Put Option)

• Premium: 40

• Total Amount paid by the investor as premium [75\*40] = 3000

There are two possibilities i.e. either the index moves over the strike price or moves below the strike price.

Let us analyze these scenarios.

# Case 1 - The index goes down

# • An investor sells the Nifty Option before expiry:

Suppose the Nifty index moves down to 9400 in the spot market and the premium has moved to Rs. 140 and there are 15 days more left for the expiry. The investor decides to reverse his position in the market by selling his 1 Nifty Put Option as the option now is in the money. His gains are as follows:

• Nifty Spot: 9400

• Premium paid: Rs.40

• Net Gain: Rs.140 - Rs.40 = Rs.100 per unit

• Total gain on 1 lot of Nifty (75 units) = Rs.7500 (100\*75)

In this case the premium of Rs.140 has an intrinsic value of Rs. 100 per unit and the remaining Rs.40 is the time value of the option.

# • An investor exercises the Nifty Option at expiry (It is an European Option)

Suppose the Nifty index moves down to 9400 in the spot market on the expiry day and the investor decides to reverse his position in the market by exercising the Nifty Put Option as the option now is in the money.

His gains are as follows:

• Nifty Spot: 9400

• Premium paid: Rs.40

• Exercise Price: 9500

Gain on exercise: 9500-9400 = 100
 Total Gain: Rs.4500 {(100-40)\*75}

In this case the realised amount is only the intrinsic value, which is Rs.100, and there is no time value in this case.

Case 2 - If the Nifty index stays over the strike price which is 9500, in the spot market then the investor does not gain anything but on the other hand his loss is limited to the premium paid.

• Nifty Spot: >9600

• Net Loss Rs.3000 (Loss is caped to the extent of Premium Paid) (Rs. 40 Premium paid\*Lot Size:75 units)

#### Risk Associated with these Strategies

- The risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- Execution Risk: The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.

# E. INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The primary investment objective of the Scheme is to generate returns by investing in a portfolio of primarily in equity and equity related instruments, money market instruments, cash and cash equivalents, REITs and InvITs. The Fund may also enter into "Stock Lending" or such other transactions, in accordance with the Regulations, as may be allowed to Mutual Funds from time to time.

The Scheme shall follow an active investment style and it will seek to invest in companies with strong competitive position, good industry prospects, good business prospects along with quality management that may help them to achieve good growth over medium to long term.

While making investment decisions, besides other factors, the impact of the prevailing economic environment over the medium to long term prospects of the companies will also be taken into consideration.

The AMC will endeavour to meet the investment objective of the Scheme while maintaining a balance between safety, liquidity and return on investments.

#### **Risk Control**

Risk is an inherent part of the investment function. Effective Risk management is critical to fund management for achieving financial soundness. Investment by the Scheme would be made as per the investment objective of the Scheme and in accordance with SEBI Regulations. AMC has adequate safeguards to manage risk in the portfolio construction process. Risk control would involve managing risk in order to keep in line with the investment objective of the Scheme. The risk control process would include identifying the risk and taking proper measures for the same. The system has incorporated all the investment restrictions as per the SEBI guidelines and enables identifying and measuring the risk through various risk management tools like various portfolio analytics, risk ratios, average duration and analyses the same and acts in a preventive manner.

#### **Stock Lending**

Stock Lending is lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed.

The Scheme may lend securities from its portfolio in accordance with the Regulations and the applicable SEBI circulars MFD/CIR/01/047/99 dated February 10, 1999 and, MRD/DoP/SE/Dep/Cir-14/2007 dated December 20, 2007, SEBI / IMD / CIR No 14/187175/2009 dated December 15, 2009 and SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. The AMC/Fund shall also adhere to guidelines issued under Securities Lending Scheme, 1997. Securities' lending shall enable the Scheme to earn income that may partially offset its expenses and thereby reduce the effect these expenses have on the Scheme's ability to provide investment returns that correspond generally to the performance of its Basket. The Scheme will pay reasonable administrative and custodial fees in connection with the lending of securities. The Scheme will be exposed to the risk of loss should a borrower default on its obligation to return the borrowed securities. The Scheme share of income from the lending collateral

will be included in the Scheme's gross income. The Fund will comply with the conditions for securities lending specified by SEBI Regulations and circulars. The Scheme will not lend more than 20% of its corpus and will not exceed more than 5% through a single intermediary.

### Investment by AMC/Sponsor in the Scheme

In accordance with Regulation 28(4) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) (Amendment) Regulations, 2014 the Sponsor or AMC has invested a portion of its assets into the Scheme as seed capital to the extent mandated and such seed capital will not be redeemed or withdrawn by the AMC until the winding up of the Scheme.

In addition to investments as mandated under Regulation 28(4) of the Regulations as mentioned above, the AMC may invest in the Scheme during the continuous offer period subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations. The AMC shall not charge investment management fees on investment by the AMC in the Scheme.

#### Portfolio Turnover

Portfolio Turnover is defined as the lower of sales or purchase divided by the average corpus during a specified period of time. The Scheme, being an open ended Scheme, it is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. However, it is difficult to measure with reasonable accuracy the likely turnover in the portfolio of the Scheme.

#### F. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations:

- (i) Type of a Scheme: An open ended equity scheme investing in maximum 25 stocks intending to focus on Large Cap stocks (ii) Investment Objective:
  - o Investment Objective: Please refer to section 'Investment Objective'.
  - o Investment pattern Please refer to section 'Asset Allocation'.
- (iii) Terms of Issue: Provisions with respect to listing, repurchase, redemption, fees and expenses are mentioned in the SID.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

In addition to the conditions specified above for bringing change in the fundamental attributes of any scheme, trustees shall take comments of the Board before bringing such change(s).

# G.BENCHMARK INDEX

The performance of the Scheme will be benchmarked against Nifty 50 TRI as the scheme will invests primarily in large cap companies.

The allocation in the Fund would be minimum 65% in equity and equity related instruments of top 100 listed companies by market capitalization and maximum 35% in Equity and equity related instruments other than top 100 listed companies by full market capitalization subject to overall limit of 25 companies. Hence, the above mentioned benchmark will be able to give a true and accurate comparative analysis.

The Trustee reserves the right to change the benchmark for evaluation of performance of the Scheme from time to time in conformity with investment objective of the Scheme and appropriateness of the benchmark subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing guidelines, if any. Total Return variant of the index (TRI) will be used for performance comparison.

# H. FUND MANAGER

Name and Designation of the fund manager	Age and Qualification	Other schemes managed by the fund manager and tenure of managing the schemes	Experience
Mr. Siddharth Bothra  Fund Manager - Equity	Age: 43 years  Qualification: B.Com (Honors), MBA (Post Graduate Program) from ISB (Indian School of Business, Hyderabad) and MBA International Student Exchange NYU Stern School of Business (New York)	Fund Manager: Motilal Oswal Equity Hybrid Fund, Motilal Oswal Dynamic Fund, Motilal Oswal Flexicap Fund and Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund  Tenure: 5 Years.	<ul> <li>Siddharth has over 20 years of experience in the fund management and investment research.</li> <li>Motilal Oswal Asset Management Co. Ltd. – as Senior Vice President and Fund Manager from April 2013 onwards</li> <li>Motilal Oswal Securities Ltdas Senior Vice President from June 2012 to March 2013</li> <li>Motilal Oswal Securities Ltdas Senior Vice President from January 2005 to March 2011</li> <li>Alchemy Share and Stocks Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai, - as Analyst, from January 2004 to January 2005.</li> <li>VCK Share and Stock Broking Services, Kolkata - as Senior Manager from June 2001 to September 2003</li> </ul>
Mr. Abhiroop Mukherjee Fund Manager –	Age: 37 years  Qualification: B.Com (Honours)	Fund Manager - Motilal Oswal Ultra Short Term Fund, Motilal	Abhiroop has over 13 years of experience in the Fixed Income Securities trading and fund management.
Debt Component	and PGDM (Finance)	Oswal Liquid Fund and Motilal Oswal 5 Year G-	Motilal Oswal Asset     Management Company Ltd     Associate Vice President -

SID of Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund

**ETF** Fixed Income from May 2011 sec and Motilal Oswal 5 onwards Year G-sec Fund PNB Gilts Ltd. - Assistant Vice of Fund. President - Fixed Income from April 2007 to May 2011 Fund Manager -**Debt Component** Motilal Oswal Midcap 30 Fund. Motilal Oswal Flexi Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal Long Term Equity Motilal Fund, Dynamic Oswal Fund. Motilal Oswal **Equity** Hybrid Fund, Motilal Oswal Nasdaq 100 Fund of Fund Motilal Oswal Large and Midcap Fund. Motilal Oswal S&P 500 Fund. Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund, Motilal Oswal Asset Allocation Passive Fund of Fund Conservative and Motilal Oswal Asset Allocation Passive Fund of

# I. INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

All the investments by the Scheme and the Fund shall always be within the investment restrictions as specified in Schedule VII of SEBI Mutual Fund Regulations as amended from time to time. Pursuant to the SEBI Regulations, the following are some of the investment and other limitations as presently applicable to the Scheme.

**Tenure:** 

Fund Aggressive

8 Years 6 months

1. The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:

Provided that a Mutual Fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by the SEBI,

Provided further that a Mutual Fund may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by the SEBI,

Provided further that sale of Government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

- 2. The Mutual Fund shall get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Mutual Fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long-term nature.
- 3. The Mutual Fund under all its schemes shall not own more than ten per cent of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.
- 1. Transfers of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund shall be allowed only if,
  - (a) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis. [Explanation "Spot basis" shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions;]
  - (b) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made and the Policy on Inter Scheme Transfer prepared in compliance with SEBI circular having ref. no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2020/202 dated October 01, 2019 as amended from time to time.
- 2. The Scheme may invest in another scheme under the same asset management company or any other Mutual Fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Mutual Fund. Provided that this clause shall not apply to any fund of funds scheme.
- 3. Pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in terms of investment objectives of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund may invest the funds of the scheme in short-term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the following guidelines issued by SEBI and as may be amended from time to time.

Pursuant to the SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 1/91171/07 dated April 16, 2007 read with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2019/093 dated August 16, 2019, where the cash in the scheme is parked in short term deposits of Scheduled Commercial Banks pending deployment, the scheme shall abide by the following guidelines:

- (a) "Short Term" for such parking of funds by the Scheme shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
- (b) The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees.
- (c) Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- (d) The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- (e) The Scheme shall not park funds in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme. Trustees/AMCs shall also ensure that the bank in which a scheme has STD do not invest in the said scheme until the scheme has STD with such bank
- (f) The AMC will not charge any investment management and advisory fees for funds under a Plan parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
- (g) The above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

- 4. The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
  - (a) any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
  - (b) any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
  - (c) the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25 per cent of the net assets.
- 5. The Scheme shall not invest more than 10 per cent of its NAV in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any company:

**Provided** that, the limit of 10 per cent shall not be applicable for investments in case of index fund or sector or industry specific scheme.

- 6. All investments by the scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed.
- 7. The Mutual Fund may borrow to meet liquidity needs, for the purpose of repurchase, redemption of units or payment of interest or IDCW to the Unitholders and such borrowings shall not exceed 20% of the net asset of the Scheme and duration of the borrowing shall not exceed 6 months. The Mutual Fund may borrow from permissible entities at prevailing market rates and may offer the assets of the Mutual Fund as collateral for such borrowing.
- 8. No term loans will be advanced by the Scheme.
- 9. The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer, which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act, 1992. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of the AMC.

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investment in government securities, treasury bills and collateralized borrowing and lending obligations (Tri Party Repo).

Provided further that investments within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the Board:

Provided further that the schemes already in existence shall with an appropriate time and in the manner, as may be specified by the Board, conform to such limits.

10. A mutual fund scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities and other money market instruments.

Provided that Mutual Fund Schemes may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to such conditions as may be specified by the Board from time to time:

Provided further that mutual fund schemes shall comply with the norms under this clause within the time and in the manner as may be specified by the Board.

Provided further that the norms for investments by mutual fund schemes in unrated debt instruments shall be specified by the Board from time to time

11. In terms of SEBI circular dated October 01, 2019, Mutual fund scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used by mutual funds for hedging.

However, mutual fund schemes may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio and as per respective investment limits and timelines mentioned by SEBI from time to time, subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

SEBI vide Circular dated April 28, 2020 has allowed the existing unlisted NCDs to be grandfathered till maturity, such NCDS are herein referred to as "identified NCDs.

Accordingly, mutual funds schemes can transact in such identified NCDs and the criteria specified above shall not be applicable for such identified NCDs, Subject to compliance with investment due diligence and all other applicable investment restrictions as given below:-

A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in unrated debt instruments issued by a single issuer and the total investment in such instruments shall not exceed 25% of the NAV of the scheme. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of asset Management Company.

For the purpose listed debt instruments shall include listed and to be listed debt instruments.

All fresh investments by mutual fund schemes in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed.

- 12. Investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund schemes shall be subject to the following:
  - a) Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills rediscounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.
  - b) Exposure of mutual fund schemes in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.
  - c) All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of MC and the Board of trustees
- 13. Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements:

The investment of mutual fund schemes in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the schemes and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:

- a)Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
- b) Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

For the purpose of this provision, 'Group' shall have the same meaning as defined in paragraph B(3)(b) of SEBI Circular no. SEBI/ HO/ IMD/ DF2/ CIR/P/ 2016/ 35 dated February 15, 2016.

Investment limits as mentioned above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.

Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.

AMC may ensure that the investment in debt instruments having credit enhancements are sufficiently covered to address the market volatility and reduce the inefficiencies of invoking of the pledge or cover, whenever required, without impacting the interest of the investors. In case of fall in the value of the cover below the specified limit, necessary steps may be initiated to ensure protection of the interest of the investors.

- 14. The Scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds Scheme.
- 15. Applicable limits for investment in units of REITs/InvITs:
  - a. No Mutual Fund under all its scheme shall own more than 10% of units issued by a single issuer of REIT and InvITs
  - b. At a single Mutual Fund scheme level:
    - i. not more than 10% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvITs and
    - ii. not more than 5% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvITs issued by a single issuer.
- 16. Limits for investment in Instruments having Special Features shall be as follows:
  - i. No Mutual Fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of such instruments issued by a single issuer
- ii. A Mutual Fund scheme shall not invest
  - a. more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments; and
  - b. more than 5% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limit for a mutual fund scheme shall be within the overall limit for debt instruments issued by a single issuer, as specified at clause 1 of the Seventh Schedule of SEBI MF Regulations and other prudential limits with respect to the debt instruments.

- 17. No sponsor of a mutual fund, its associate or group company including the asset management company of the fund, through the schemes of the mutual fund or otherwise, individually or collectively, directly or indirectly, have
  - a) 10% or more of the share-holding or voting rights in the asset management company or the trustee company of any other mutual fund; or
  - b) Representation on the board of the asset management company or the trustee company of any other mutual fund.
- 18. The Scheme will comply with any other Regulations applicable to the investments of Mutual Funds from time to time.

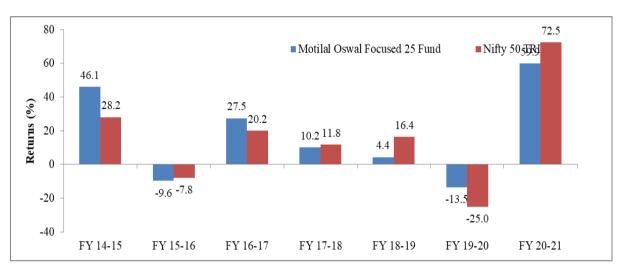
All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investments. The AMC may alter these limitations/objectives from time to time to the extent the SEBI Regulations change so as to permit Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments to achieve its investment objective. The Trustees may from time to time alter these restrictions in conformity with the SEBI Regulations.

# J. SCHEME PERFORMANCE

The Performance of the Scheme as on September 30, 2021 is as follows:

<b>Compounded Annualised Returns</b>	Scheme Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%)	
	<b>Motilal Oswal Focused 25</b>	Nifty 50 TRI	
	Fund		
Returns for the last 1 year	48.2	58.5	
Returns for the last 3 year	18.3	18.6	
Returns for the last 5 year	14.5	16.8	
Returns since inception	15.7	15.2	

# Absolute Returns for the last Seven (7) financial years



Note: \*Returns for one year are absolute returns and returns for more than one year are compounded annualized and date of inception is deemed to be date of allotment. Date of Allotment is May 13, 2013. Performance is for Regular Plan Growth option. Different plans have different expense structure. Past performance may or may not be sustained in future.

# K. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES AS PER SEBI CIRCULAR DATED MARCH 18, 2016

# A. Scheme's Portfolio Holdings

The top 10 portfolio holdings of the Scheme as on September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Issuer	% to Net Assets
1.	HDFC Bank Limited	9.44%
2.	Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	9.42%
3.	Bajaj Auto Limited	9.25%
4.	Tata Consultancy Services Limited	8.98%
5.	ICICI Bank Limited	7.77%
6.	Container Corporation of India Limited	7.68%
7.	Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited	6.69%
8.	ABB India Limited	5.52%
9.	HDFC Life Insurance Company Limited	4.55%
10.	Infosys Limited	4.01%

SID of Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund

#### **B.** Sector Allocation of the Scheme

Sector Allocation of the Scheme as recommended by AMFI as on September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Sectors	% Exposure
Sector / Rating	Percent
Banks	23.90%
Software	12.98%
Auto	12.07%
Finance	11.73%
Transportation	7.68%
Insurance	6.46%
Pharmaceuticals	6.20%
Cement & Cement Products	5.63%
Industrial Capital Goods	5.52%
Retailing	4.05%
Pesticides	3.36%
CRISIL AAA	0.02%
Cash & Equivalent	0.39%
Total	100

The Mutual Fund will disclose the portfolio of the Scheme as on the last day of the month on AMC's website (<a href="www.motilaloswalmf.com">www.motilaloswalmf.com</a>) on or before the tenth day of the succeeding month. The Investors will be able to view and download this monthly portfolio from the AMC's website on the following link <a href="http://motilaloswalmf.com/downloads/mutual-fund/Month-End-Portfolio">http://motilaloswalmf.com/downloads/mutual-fund/Month-End-Portfolio</a>.

#### C. Scheme's Portfolio Turnover Ratio

The Portfolio Turnover Ratio of the Scheme as on September 30, 2021 is **0.39**.

#### D. Illustration of impact of expense ratio on returns of the Scheme

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Invested amount (Rs)	10,000
Annualised scheme performance	10%
Net Assets before expenses (Rs)	11,000
Annualised expense ratio	2.25%
Net Assets after expenses (Rs)	10,753
Returns on invested amount before expenses (Rs)	1,000
Returns on invested amount after expenses (Rs)	753
Returns on invested amount before expenses (%)	10.00%
Returns on invested amount after expenses (%)	7.53%

### Please Note:

- The purpose of the above illustration is purely to explain the impact of expense ratio charged to
  the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee
  of returns on investments.
- It is assumed that the expenses charged are evenly distributed throughout the year. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the Scheme may vary with that of the Regular Plan under the Scheme.
- Calculations are based on assumed NAVs, and actual returns on your investment may be more, or less.
- Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to consult his or her own financial advisor.

# E. Investment Disclosure

The aggregate investment in the Scheme by the following person as on September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Categories	Amount (Rs.)
Directors of AMC	549,621,994.36
Fund Manager of the Scheme	313,544.06
Key Managerial Personnel	2,820,388.11
Sponsor, Group and Associates	3,012,933,689.18

# Differentiation of the Scheme with other existing Equity Oriented Schemes of MOMF

The following table shows the differentiation between existing schemes of MOMF:

Name of the Scheme	Investment Objective	Asset Allocation	Product Differentiation	Asset Under Management	Number of Folio's
				(Rs. In	(As on As
				Crores)	on
				(As on	September
				September 30,	30, 2021)
Motilal Oswal	The investment	The Scheme	The Scheme is	<b>2021</b> ) 2,366.49	54,447
Midcap 30	objective of the	would invest		2,300.49	34,447
_	Scheme is to	at least 65%	An open ended		
Fund			equity scheme		
	U	in Equity and	predominantly		
	term capital	equity related instruments*	investing in		
	appreciation by	selected	mid cap stocks with		
	investing in a maximum of 30				
		between Top 101 <sup>st</sup> and 250 <sup>th</sup>	investment		
	quality mid-cap		objective to		
	companies	listed	achieve long		
	having long-	companies by full market	term capital		
	term		appreciation by		
	competitive	capitalization	investing at		
	advantages and	and upto 35%	least 65%		
	potential for	in Equity and	in Equity and		
	growth.	equity related	equity related		
	11	instruments*	instruments*		
	However, there	other than	selected		
	can be no	Top 101st and			
	assurance or	250 <sup>th</sup> listed	101 <sup>st</sup> and 250 <sup>th</sup>		
	guarantee that	companies by	listed		
	the investment	full market	companies by		
	objective of the	capitalization	full market		
	Scheme would	and 10% in	capitalization		
	be achieved.	Debt, Money	and upto 35%		
		Market	in Equity and		
		Instruments,	equity related		
		G-Sec, Bonds,	instruments*		
		Cash and cash	other than Top		
		equivalents,	101 <sup>st</sup> and 250 <sup>th</sup>		
		etc. or 10% in	listed		

SID of Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund

Matilal Count		Units issued by REITs and InvITs. *subject to overall limit of 30 companies	companies by full market capitalization and 10% in Debt, Money Market Instruments, G-Sec, Bonds, Cash and cash equivalents, etc. or 10% in Units issued by REITs and InvITs.  *subject to overall limit of 30 companies in 65-100% in Equity and equity related instruments*	11 079 01	2.50.955
Motilal Oswal Flexi cap Fund	The investment objective of the Scheme is to achieve long term capital appreciation by primarily investing in a maximum of 35 equity & equity related instruments across sectors and market-capitalization levels.  However, there can be no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme would be achieved.	The scheme would invest 65% to 100% in Equity and equity related instruments and balance up to 35% in debt instruments, Money Market Instruments, G-Secs, Cash and cash equivalents.  *subject to overall limit of 35 securities	The scheme is an open ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks which with an objective to achieve long term capital appreciation by investing in securities across sectors and market capitalization levels.	11,978.91	3,59,855
Motilal Oswal Long Term Equity Fund	The investment objective of the scheme is to generate long term capital appreciation from a diversified portfolio of predominantly	The scheme would invest 80% to 100% in Equity and equity related instruments and balance up to 20% in debt instruments,	The scheme is an open ended equity linked saving scheme with a statutory lock in of 3 years and tax benefit with an objective to generate long	2,375.58	2,21,483

	1	ı			,
	equity and	Money	term capital		
	equity related	Market	appreciation.		
	instruments.	Instruments,			
	However, there	G-Secs, Cash			
	can be no	and cash at			
	assurance or	call, etc.			
	guarantee that				
	the investment				
	objective of the				
	Scheme would				
M (1.1.0	be achieved.	7D1 1	MOELM:	054.65	10.612
Motilal Oswal	The investment	The scheme	MOFLM is an	854.65	49,643
Large and	objective is to	would invest			
Midcap Fund	provide medium to	in 35% – 65%	equity scheme		
	medium to long-term	in equity and Equity related			
	capital	instruments of	both large cap and mid cap		
	appreciation by	Large	stocks		
	investing	cap	Stocks		
	primarily in	companies			
	Large and	and in Equity			
	Midcap stocks.	and Equity			
	1	related			
	However, there	instruments of			
	can be no	Mid			
	assurance or	cap			
	guarantee that	companies			
	the investment	and 0-30% in			
	objective of the	Equity and			
	Scheme would	Equity related			
	be achieved.	instruments of			
		other			
		than above			
		and in Units			
		of liquid/ debt			
		schemes,			
		Debt, Money Market			
		Instruments,			
		G-Secs, Cash			
		and Cash at			
		call, etc. and			
		0-10% in			
		Units issued			
		by REITs and			
		InvITs			

# III. UNITS AND OFFER

This section provides details you need to know for investing in the Scheme.

# A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO)

This section is not applicable as there is Continuous offer of Units of the Scheme (s) at NAV based prices

# **B. ONGOING OFFER DETAILS**

Ongoing Offer Period This is the date from which the scheme will reopen for subscriptions/redemption s after the closure of the NFO period.	The Ongoing Offer for the Scheme commenced on May 15, 2013.
Ongoing price for subscription (purchase)/switch-in (from other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors  This is the price you need to pay for purchase/switch-in.	Ongoing price for subscription (purchase) by investors will be the applicable NAV of the plan selected. Purchase Price = Applicable NAV.  In accordance with the requirements specified by the SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.4/168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 no entry load will be charged for purchase / additional purchase/ switch-in accepted for the scheme with effect from August 01, 2009. Similarly, no entry load will be charged with respect to applications for registrations under Systematic Investment Plans. The upfront commission on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid to the ARN Holder directly by the investor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the ARN Holder. Further, Pursuant to SEBI circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 14/120784/08 dated March 18, 2008, with effect from April 1, 2008, no entry load or exit load shall be charged in respect of bonus units and of units allotted on reinvestment.
Ongoing price for redemption (sale) /switch outs (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors  This is the price you will receive for redemptions/switch outs.	At the applicable NAV subject to prevailing exit load, if any.

Methodology and illustration of sale and repurchase price of Units

# a) Methodology of calculating sale price

The price or NAV, an investor is charged while investing in an openended scheme is called sale or subscription price. Pursuant to SEBI Circular dated June 30, 2009, no entry load will be charged by the scheme to the investors. Therefore, Sale or Subscription price = Applicable NAV (for respective plan and option of the scheme)

Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/DF2/OW/P/2020/11099/1 dated June 29, 2020, Gazette notification dated March 30, 2020 for extending the effective date for applicability of new stamp duty rules and as per Notification No. S.O. 4419(E) dated December 10, 2019 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019, a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on all mutual fund inflow transactions i.e. purchases (including Switch-ins), SIP / STP instalments (including IDCW reinvestment) with effect from July 01, 2020. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted to the unit holders would be lower to that extent. Kindly refer the example below for better understanding.

Example: An investor invests Rs.10,000/- and the current NAV is Rs. 10/- then the purchase price will be Rs.10/-. After deduction of stamp duty investor will receive 999.95 units

Investment amount	Rs.10,000/-	A
Less: Transaction charges	NIL	В
(deducted and paid to		
distributor, if applicable)		
Stamp duty applicable	0.50	C = (A-
(@0.005%)		B)*0.005/100.005
Net Investment amount	9,999.50/-	D = (A - B - C)
NAV	Rs.10/-	E
Units allotted	999.95	F = D / E

# b) Methodology of calculating repurchase price of Units

Repurchase or redemption price is the price or NAV at which an openended scheme purchases or redeems its units from the investors. It may include exit load, if applicable. The exit load, if any, shall be charged as a percentage of Net Assets Value (NAV) i.e. applicable load as a percentage of NAV will be deducted from the "Applicable NAV" to calculate the repurchase price. Therefore, Repurchase or Redemption Price = Applicable NAV \*(1- Exit Load, if any)

Example: If the Applicable NAV is Rs. 10 and a 2% Exit Load is charged, the Redemption Price per Unit will be calculated as follows: = Rs. 10 \* (1-0.02) = Rs. 10 \* (0.98) = Rs. 9.80

Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches

As per SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2020/175 dated September 17, 2020 read with SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2020/253 dated December 31, 2020 with effect from February 01, 2021, in respect of purchase of units of mutual fund schemes (except liquid and overnight schemes), closing NAV of the

This is the time before

which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

day shall be applicable on which the funds are available for utilization irrespective of the size and time of receipt of such application subject to cut-off timing provisions.

Considering the above, cut-off timings with respect to Subscriptions/Purchases including switch – ins shall be as follows:

- In respect of valid applications received by 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day and where the funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase / switch-ins as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time- the closing NAV of the day shall be applicable.
- In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day and where the funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next Business Day the closing NAV of the next Business Day shall be applicable.
- In respect of valid applications with an outstation cheques or demand drafts not payable at par at the Official Points of Acceptance where the application is received, the closing NAV of day on which the cheque or demand draft is credited shall be applicable.
- In respect of valid applications, the time of receipt of applications or the funds for the entire amount are available for utilization, whichever is later, will be used to determine the applicability of NAV.
  - In case of other facilities like Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP), etc., the NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilization by the Target Scheme shall be considered irrespective of the instalment date.

#### **Redemptions including switch – outs:**

- In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, closing NAV of the day of receipt of application, shall be applicable.
- In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.

The AMC reserves the right to change / modify the aforesaid requirements at a later date in line with SEBI directives from time to time.

#### Transaction through online facilities/ electronic mode:

The time of transaction done through various online facilities/electronic modes offered by the AMC, for the purpose of determining the applicability of NAV, would be the time when the request of purchase/redemption/switch/SIP/STP of units is received on the servers of AMC/RTA as per terms and conditions of such facilities.

### Transaction through Stock Exchange:

With respect to investors who transact through the stock exchange, Applicable NAV shall be reckoned on the basis of the time stamping as

	evidenced by confirmation slip given by stock exchange mechanism.
Where can the applications for purchase/redemption switches be submitted?	The application forms for purchase/redemption of units directly with the Fund can be submitted at the Designated Collection Center (DCC)/ Investor Service Center (ISC) of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund as mentioned in the SID and also at DCC and ISC of our Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA), Fintech Private Limited. The details of RTA's DCC and ISC are available at the link <a href="https://www.kfintech.com/contact-us/">https://www.kfintech.com/contact-us/</a> .
	Investors can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through MFSS and/or NMF II facility of NSE and BSE StAR MF facility of BSE.
	In addition to subscribing Units through submission of application in physical, investor / unit holder can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through RTA's website i.e. <a href="www.kfintech.com/">www.kfintech.com/</a> . The facility to transact in the Scheme is also available through mobile application of Kfin i.e. 'KFINTRACK'
Plans / Options	The Scheme offers two Plans: Regular Plan and Direct Plan
	Regular Plan is for Investors who purchase/subscribe units in a Scheme through any Distributor (AMFI Registered Distributor/ARN Holder).
	Direct Plan is for investors who purchase/subscribe units in a Scheme directly with the Fund and is not routed through a Distributor (AMFI Registered Distributor/ARN Holder). Direct Plan will have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission for distribution of Units etc.
	There will be no separate portfolio for Direct Plan and Regular Plan. Further, both the options i.e. Growth and IDCW will have common portfolio under the Scheme.
	Each Plan offers the following Options:  (a) Growth Option  (b) IDCW Option (with IDCW Payout and IDCW Re-investment facility)
	(a) Growth Option: Under this Option, IDCW will not be declared. Income/profits received/earned on the Scheme's corpus would be accumulated by the Fund as capital accretion & will remain invested in the Scheme and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value (NAV) of Units under this Option.
	(b) IDCW Option: Under this option, IDCW will be declared (subject to deduction of tax at source and statutory levies, if any) at periodic intervals at the discretion of the Trustees, subject to availability of distributable surplus. On payment of IDCW, the NAV of the Units under IDCW option will fall to the extent of the IDCW payout and applicable statutory levies, if any. All the IDCW payments shall be in accordance and compliance with SEBI Regulations, as applicable from time to time. Following facility is

available under this Option:

Regulations, as applicable from time to time. Following facility is

#### (i) IDCW Payout facility

Under this option, IDCWs, if declared, will be paid (subject to deduction of IDCW distribution tax and statutory levy, if any) to those Unitholders, whose names appear in the register of Unitholders on the record date.

If IDCW payable under the IDCW payout option is equal to or less than Rs. 500/-, then it would be compulsorily re-invested in the option of the Scheme.

#### (ii) IDCW Reinvestment facility:

Unitholders opting for IDCW option may choose to reinvest the IDCWs to be received by them. Under this facility the IDCW due and payable to the Unit holders will be compulsorily and without any further act by the Unit holders, reinvested in the IDCW option at a price based on the prevailing Net Asset Value per Unit on the record date. The Units for the purpose of re-investment will be created and credited to the Unitholder's account at the applicable NAV announced immediately following the record date. There shall, however, be no load on the IDCWs so reinvested.

The AMC reserves the right to introduce/discontinue further Options as and when deemed fit.

\*The above acronyms stand for:

- IDCW = Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option
- IDCW Payout = Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option
- IDCW Reinvestment = Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option
- IDCW Transfer = Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan

# **Default Plan/Option**

Investors subscribing Units under Direct Plan of a Scheme should indicate "Direct Plan" against the Scheme name in the application form. Investors should also mention "Direct" in the ARN column of the application form. The table showing various scenarios for treatment of application under "Direct/Regular" Plan is as follows:

Scenario	Broker Code	Plan mentioned	Default Plan
	mentioned	by the	to
	by the investor	investor	be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct
6	Direct	Regular	Direct
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN code mentioned on the application form, the application will be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of application form from the investor/

	distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load, if applicable.	
	If the investor does not clearly specify the choice of option at the time of investing, it will be deemed that the investor has opted for Growth option and in case he does not specify payout/re-investment under IDCW option, it will be deemed to be IDCW re-investment.	
Minimum amount for	Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.	
purchase/switches into	rest 500% and in manaples of rest; and contest.	
the Scheme	Minimum additional amount will be Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.	
	AMC may revise the minimum/maximum amounts and the methodology for new/additional subscriptions, as and when necessary. Such change may be brought about after taking into account the cost structure for a transaction/account and /or Market practices and/or the interest of existing Unit holders. Further, such changes shall only be applicable to transactions from the date of such a change, on a prospective basis.	
Minimum Redemption/switch-out Amount	Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter or account balance, whichever is lower.	
	In case the Investor specifies the number of Units and amount, the number of units shall be considered for Redemption. In case the unit holder does not specify the number or amount, Mutual Fund shall reject the transaction. If the balance Units in the Unit holder's account does not cover the amount specified in the redemption request, then the Mutual Fund shall reject the transaction. If the balance Units in the Unit holder's account is less than the specified in the redemption request, then the Mutual Fund shall reject the transaction.	
	In case of Units held in dematerialized mode, the Unitholder can give a request for Redemption only in number of Units. Request for subscriptions can be given only in amount. Depository participants of registered Depositories to process only redemption request of units held in Demat form.	
Minimum balance to be	There is no minimum balance requirement.	
maintained and	^	
consequences of non -		
maintenance		
How to Apply	Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.	
IDCW Policy	The Trustees may declare IDCW subject to the availability of	
	distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. The actual declaration of IDCW and the frequency of distribution will be entirely at the discretion of the Trustees. There is no	
	assurance or guarantee to Unit holders as to the rate of IDCW distribution nor that the IDCWs will be declared regularly, though it is the intention	
	of the Mutual Fund to make regular IDCW distribution under the IDCW Plan. The IDCW would be paid to the Unitholders whose names appear in the Pagister of Unitholders as on the record date	
	in the Register of Unitholders as on the record date.  IDCW Distribution Procedure In accordance with SEBI Regulations, the procedure for IDCW	

distribution	would	he as	under:
uisuituuuoii	would	uc as	unuci.

When units are sold, and sale price (NAV) is higher than face value of the unit, a portion of sale price that represents realized gains is credited to an Equalization Reserve Account and which can be used to pay IDCW. IDCW can be distributed out of investor's capital (Equalization Reserve), which is part of sale price that represents realized gains. The Trustee reserves the right to change/modify the aforesaid requirements at a later date in line with SEBI directives from time to time.

Quantum of IDCW and the record date will be fixed by the Trustee in their meeting. IDCW so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus. Within one calendar day of decision by the Trustee, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the IDCW including the record date, in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated, whichever is issued earlier.

Record date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register of Unitholders for receiving IDCWs. The Record Date will be 5 calendar days from the date of issue of notice. The notice will, in font size 10, bold, categorically state that pursuant to payment of IDCW, the NAV of the Scheme would fall to the extent of payout and statutory levy (if applicable). The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of IDCW distribution and statutory levy, if any, at the close of business hours on record date. Before the issue of such notice, no communication indicating the probable date of IDCW declaration in any manner whatsoever will be issued by Mutual Fund.

# Mode of Payment of IDCWs

The IDCW proceeds will be paid by way of cheque, IDCW Warrants / Direct Credit / National Electronic Fund Transfer (NEFT) / Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS) / National Electronic Clearing System (NECS) or any other manner to the unitholder's bank account as recorded in the Registrar & Transfer Agent's records. The AMC, at its discretion at a later date, may choose to alter or add other modes of payment.

Further, AMCs may also use modes of dispatch such as speed post, courier etc. for payments including refunds to unitholders in addition to the registered post with acknowledgement due.

In case of Units under the IDCW Option held in dematerialised mode, the IDCW Payout will be credited to the bank account of the investor, as per the bank account details recorded with the DP.

All the IDCW payments shall be in accordance and compliance with SEBI regulations, as amended from time to time.

#### **Dematerialization**

The Units of the Scheme will be also available in the Dematerialized (electronic) mode, if so selected by the Investor in the Application Form.

- i. The Units of the Growth Option and IDCW sub-options, issued under the Scheme, will be distinct from each other and would have different ISINs.
- ii. The Investor under the Scheme will be required to have a beneficiary

account with a Depository Participant of NSDL / CDSL and will be required to indicate in the application the DP's name, DP ID Number and beneficiary account number of the applicant with the Depositary Participant or such details requested in the Application Form / Transaction Form.

- iii. For Investors proposing to hold Units in dematerialized mode, applications without relevant details of his / her / their Depository account are liable to be rejected.
- iv. If KYC details of the investor including IPV is not updated with DP, the Units will be allotted in non-demat mode subject to compliance with necessary KYC provisions.

#### Rematerialization

Rematerialization of Units will be in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories & Participants) Regulations, 1996 as may be amended from time to time.

The process for rematerialization is as follows:

- i. The investor will submit a remat request to his/her DP for rematerialization of holdings in his/her account.
- ii. If there is sufficient balance in the investor's account, the DP will generate a Rematerialization Request Number (RRN) and the same is entered in the space provided for the purpose in the rematerialization request form.
- iii. The DP will then dispatch the request form to the AMC/ R&T agent.
- iv. The AMC/ R&T agent accepts the request for rematerialization prints and dispatches the account statement to the investor and sends electronic confirmation to the DP.
- v. The DP will inform the investor about the changes in the investor account following the acceptance of the request.

#### Who can invest

This is an indicative list and you are requested to consult your financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to your risk profile. This is an indicative list and you are requested to consult your financial advisor. The following are eligible to subscribe to the units of the Scheme:

- 1. Resident adult individuals, either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on anyone or Survivor basis.
- 2. Minors through Parents/Lawful Guardian. AMC will follow uniform process 'in respect of investments made in the name of a minor through a guardian' by SEBI vide circular no SEBI/HO/IMD/DF3/CIR/P/2019/166 dated December 24, 2019.
- 3. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through its Karta.
- 4. Partnership Firms in the name of any one of the partner.
- 5. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor.
- Companies, Body Corporate, Societies, (including registered cooperative societies), Association of Persons, Body of Individuals,
  Clubs and Public Sector Undertakings registered in India if
  authorized and permitted to invest under applicable laws and
  regulations.
- 7. Banks (including co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks), Financial Institutions.
- 8. Mutual Fund schemes registered with SEBI.
- Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian Origin (PIOs) residing abroad on repatriation basis and on non-repatriation basis.
   NRIs and PIOs who are residents of U.S. and Canada cannot invest in the Schemes of MOMF.
- 10. Foreign Institutional Investors (FII) registered with SEBI on

- repatriation basis (subject to RBI approval) and Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI)
- 11. Charitable or Religious Trusts, Wakf Boards or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as "Public securities" as required) and private trusts authorized to invest in units of Mutual Fund schemes under their trust deeds.
- 12. Army, Air Force, Navy, Para-military funds and other eligible institutions.
- 13. Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations.
- 14. Multilateral Funding Agencies or Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India and the Reserve Bank of India.
- 15. Overseas Financial Organizations which have entered into an arrangement for investment in India, inter-alia with a Mutual Fund registered with SEBI and which arrangement is approved by Government of India.
- 16. Provident / Pension / Gratuity / Superannuation and such other retirement and employee benefit and other similar funds as and when permitted to invest.
- 17. Qualified Foreign Investors (subject to and in compliance with the extant regulations)
- 18. Other Associations, Institutions, Bodies etc. authorized to invest in the units of Mutual Fund.
- 19. Trustees, AMC, Sponsor or their associates may subscribe to the units of the Scheme.
- 20. Such other categories of investors permitted by the Mutual Fund from time to time, in conformity with the SEBI Regulations.
- 21. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, PAN details as mentioned under the paragraph "Anti Money Laundering and Know Your Customer", updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account and his specimen Signature duly authenticated by his banker. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major.
- 22. Pursuant to SEBI circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF3/CIR/P/2019/166 dated December 24, 2019 investors are required to note that the minor shall be the sole unit holder in a folio. Joint holders will not be registered.

The minor unit holder shall be represented either by natural parent (father and mother) or by a legal guardian. Payment of investment shall be from the authorised banking channels and from the bank account of minor or joint account of minor with guardian.

The process of minor attaining major and status of investment etc. is mention in Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

Investors are requested to refer SAI for detailed information.

#### Who cannot invest?

- 1. Persons residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs).
- 2. Pursuant to RBI Circular No. 14 dated September 16, 2003, Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) cannot invest in Mutual Funds.

- United States Person ("U.S. person"\*) as defined under the laws of the United States of America except lump sum subscription, switch transactions, Systematic Transfer Plan (STP), Withdrawal Plan (SWP), CashFlow Plan and Motilal Oswal Value Index (MOVI) Pack Plan requests received from Non-resident Indians / Persons of Indian origin who at the time of such investment / first time registration of specified facility are present in India and submit a physical transaction request along with such documents as may be prescribed by the AMC / Mutual Fund from time to time. The AMC shall accept such investments subject to the applicable laws and such other terms and conditions as may be notified by the AMC / Mutual Fund. The investor shall be responsible for complying with all the applicable laws for such investments. The AMC / Mutual Fund reserves the rights to put the transaction requests on hold / reject the transaction request / reverse allotted units, as the case may be, as and when identified by the AMC / Mutual Fund, which are not in compliance with the terms and conditions prescribed in this regard.
- 4. Residents of Canada
- 5. Such other persons as may be specified by AMC from time to time.

\*The term "U.S. person" means any person that is a U.S. person within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933 of U.S. or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission or as per such further amended definitions, interpretations, legislations, rules etc., as may be in force from time to time.

The Trustees/AMC reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time and change, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any.

Note: It is mandatory to complete the KYC requirements for all unit holders, including for all joint holders and the guardian in case of folio of a minor investor

# Special Products available

The Special Products / Facilities available on an Ongoing basis are as follows:

- A. Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)
- **B.** Systematic Transfer Plan
- C. Systematic Withdrawal Plan
- **D.** Switching Option
- E. NAV Appreciation facility
- F. Mobile Facility
- G. Motilal Oswal Value Index
- H. Motilal Oswal CashFlow Plan
- I. Online Facility
- J. Application through MF utility platform
- K. Transaction through Stock Exchange
- L. Transaction through electronic mode
- M. Through MFSS and/or NMF II facility of NSE and BSE StAR MF facility of BSE
- N. Through mobile application of Kfin i.e. 'KFINTRACK'
- O. Indian Commodity Exchange Limited(ICEX)
- P. MFCentral as Official Point of Acceptance of Transactions

(OPAT)

The above Special Products / Facilities are provided in details as follows:

#### A. Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)

During Continuous Offer, a Unit holder may enrol for Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) and choose to invest specified sums in the Scheme on periodic basis by giving a single instruction.

SIP allows investors to invest a fixed amount of Rupees on specific dates on periodic basis by purchasing Units of the Scheme at the Purchase Price prevailing at such time.

The terms and conditions for investing in SIP are as follows:

SIP	Minimum	Number of	Choice of Day/Date
Frequency	Instalment	Instalments	
	Amount		
Weekly	Rs. 500/- and	Minimum – 12	Any day of the week
	multiple of Re.	Maximum – No	from Monday to Friday
	1/- thereafter		
			$1^{\text{st}}$ -14 <sup>th</sup> , $7^{\text{th}}$ - 21 <sup>st</sup> and 14 <sup>th</sup>
	multiple of Re.	Maximum – No	- 28 <sup>th</sup>
	1/- thereafter	Limit	
			Any day of the month
	multiple of Re.	Maximum – No	except 29 <sup>th</sup> , 30 <sup>th</sup> or 31 <sup>st</sup>
	1/- thereafter	Limit	
Quarterly	Rs. 1,500/- and	Minimum – 4	Any day of the month for
	multiple of Re.	Maximum – No	each quarter (i.e.
	1/- thereafter	Limit	January, April, July,
			October) except 29 <sup>th</sup> , 30 <sup>th</sup>
			or 31 <sup>st</sup>
Annual	Rs. 6,000/- and	Minimum – 1	Any day or date of
	multiple of Re.	Maximum – No	his/her preference
	1/- thereafter	Limit	

Applicable NAV and cut-off time as prescribed under the Regulation shall be applicable.

In case the SIP date is not specified or in case of ambiguity, the SIP transaction will be processed on 7th of the every month in which application for SIP registration was received and if the end date is not specified, SIP will continue till it receives termination notice from the investor. In case, the date fixed happens to be a holiday / non-business day, the same shall be affected on the next business day. No Post Dated cheques would be accepted for SIP.

Apart from the above following additional Features shall be for the investors:

SIP	Minimum	<b>Number of Instalments</b>
Frequency	Instalment Amount	
Weekly,	Rs.1000/- and	Minimum – 6

Fortnightly	multiple of Re.	1/- Maximum – No Limit
and	thereafter	
Monthly		

# Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) @ WhatsApp

This facility enables existing investors to transact through the WhatsApp application to execute purchase transactions of SIP in a simplified manner.

The procedure to transact through WhatsApp is given below:

- 1. Add our number +91 93722 05812 in your contacts and only if you are existing investor the below steps to be followed
- 2. Go to your WhatsApp, select the number and type 'Hi' from your registered mobile number
- 3. From there on the journey is built in such a way that our smart bot will guide Investor to take relevant steps
- 4. Enter registered PAN
- 5. Select registered Account Type
- 6. Select Mode of Payment Lump sum | SIP
- 7. Select Fund serial number shown on the image
- 8. Enter serial number and the Amount
- 9. Investor would be shown his order to review which contains his selected fund, Amount, encrypted bank a/c, Folio number
- 10. Disclaimer pertaining to mutual fund shall be displayed
- 11. Further to the disclaimer a confirmation of the order investor will have to enter the OTP
- 12. On entering the OTP the Investor is sent a payment link where the Investor goes to his bank account & authorizes payment for the transaction.
- 13. the investor will receive an encrypted payment link to do his payment.
- 14. On successful payment the investor would receive the confirmation message.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change/modify the terms and conditions of the SIP.

# SIP Booster" facility (SIP Booster)

- a) SIP Booster online facility offers frequency at immediate, quarterly, half-yearly and yearly intervals. In case the SIP Booster frequency is not specified, it will be considered as yearly frequency. Similarly, this facility has also become available to all the physical mode of applications or the applications received through offline Mode at a frequency of quarterly, half-yearly and yearly intervals (except immediate interval) with effect from August 30, 2021.
- b) The minimum SIP Booster amount would be Rs.100/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter for all the schemes of the Fund that

- offer SIP facility except Motilal Oswal Long Term Equity Fund Plan wherein minimum SIP Booster amount would be Rs.500/- and in multiples of Rs.500 thereafter.
- c) In case the investor does not specify SIP Booster amount, Rs.100/-will be considered as the SIP Booster amount (in case of Motilal Oswal Long Term Equity Fund, Rs.500/- will be considered as SIP Booster amount) and the request will be processed accordingly.
- d) SIP Booster facility would be available to all Existing and new SIP enrollments through online and Physical mode (except for immediate interval in Physical mode). Existing investors who have enrolled for SIP with the maximum amount for debit are also eligible to avail SIP Booster facility and will be required to submit **OTM Mandate**' at least 20 calendar days before the SIP Booster start month. In case SIP Instalment after SIP Booster exceeds the maximum amount for debit, then the request for SIP Booster will be processed up to the maximum amount for debit. Further, if the investor revises the maximum amount for debit, then such an increase in amount will be effective from the next SIP Booster cycle. However, the maximum amount registered for the debit mandate cannot be reduced.
- e) Existing investors registered for SIP through ECS / Direct Debit facility and intending to avail SIP Booster facility will be required to register for new OTM mandate and on activation of the OTM, the same would be applied on their active SIP to perform uninterrupted SIP debit instructions with SIP Booster details.
- f) Maximum Limit will allow investors to set a highest SIP amount. Once the SIP reaches this set maximum limit it would stop any further additions and the SIP would thereafter continue with the last boosted amount, until the investor upgrades the limit.

An Illustration: The SIP Booster facility will work as follows:

	Details of SIP	SIP Booster
\[ \rangle \]	Fixed SIP Instalment amount: Rs.5,000/-SIP Period: April 1, 2019 till March 31, 2022 (3 years)	By providing / choosing the following additional details, an investor can avail SIP Booster facility.  Example:
>	SIP date: 1 <sup>st</sup> of every month (36 Instalments)	<ul> <li>SIP Booster Amount: Rs.1,000/-</li> <li>SIP Booster Frequency: Every 6 months</li> <li>Max Sip limit :10,000</li> </ul>

No(s).	SIP	SIP Booster	Monthly SIP
	(In Rs.)	amount	Instalments
	(A)	(In Rs.) (B)	Amount after
			SIP Booster (in
			<b>Rs.</b> ) (A+B)
1 to 6	5,000	N.A.	5.000
7 to 12	5,000	1,000	6,000

13 to 18	6,000	1,000	7,000
19 to 24	7000	1,000	8,000
25 to 30	8,000	1,000	9,000
31 to 36	9,000	1,000	10,000

Once your SIP amount reaches maximum booster limit specified by you, subsequent Instalments will be processed with the maximum booster limit amount.

# Instant Systematic Investment Plan (ISIP)

Investors can start his/her SIP on the same day, he can pay towards his 1<sup>st</sup> debit instalment by using another online payment mode viz.Net banking, UPI, RTGS, NEFT etc. and his subsequent SIP debit instruction would be registered on his registered OTM| URN mandate. In case the chosen date falls on a Non-Business Day, then the SIP will be processed on the immediate next Business Day. In case the SIP date is not specified or in case of ambiguity, the SIP transaction will be processed on the 15<sup>th</sup> of each month/quarter. In case the end date is not specified, the SIP will continue till it receives termination request from the investor or till the time the bank mandate is debited, whichever is earlier.

#### **SIP Pause Facility**

Under this facility an existing investor who has an ongoing SIP will have an option to temporarily pause the SIP instalments for a specific period of time. Upon expiry of the specified period, the SIP Instalments would restart automatically.

The features, terms, and conditions for availing the facility are as follows:

- a) The facility shall be available only for SIPs registered under monthly frequency with a SIP Instalment amount of Rs.1,000/- and above
- b) Investors/ Unit holders can opt for the facility only twice during the tenure of a particular SIP
- c) The minimum gap between the pause request and next SIP Instalment date should be at least 12 calendar days
- d) The facility shall get activated from immediate next eligible Instalment from the date of receipt of SIP Pause request
- e) The facility can be opted for minimum 1 Instalment and up to a maximum of 6 Instalments
- f) The facility available on BSE StAR MF Platform Similarly for SIP registered through Mutual Fund Utility ("MFU"), other Stock exchange platforms and Channel Partners, investors may opt for this facility, if the same is being provided by the respective platform.
- g) The facility once registered cannot be cancelled.
- h) Investors/ Unit holders can opt for the facility currently through mobile application of Kfintech i.e. 'KFinKart'. The facility shall be extended to online platforms of MOAMC subsequently.
- i) AMC/Trustee reserves the right to amend the terms and conditions of the SIP Pause facility and/or withdraw the said facility.

#### B. Systematic Transfer Plan (STP)

During Continuous Offer, a Unit holder may enrol for Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and choose to Switch from this Scheme to another Option or Scheme (other than Exchange Traded Funds) of the Mutual Fund, which is available for investment at that time.

This facility enables Unitholders to transfer fixed amount periodically from their Unit holdings in the Scheme (Transferor Scheme) to the other schemes (Transferee Scheme) of the Mutual Fund Scheme.

In case the amount (as specified ) to be transferred under STP is not available in the Transferor Scheme in the unit holder's account for any reason, the residual amount will be transferred to the Transferee Scheme and STP will be ceased.

The terms and conditions for investing in STP are as follows:

For registering or discontinuing Systematic Transfer Plans shall be subject to an advance notice of 7 (seven) calendar days.

subject to an advance notice of 7	(seven) carendar days.
Minimum amount per STP	Rs. 500/- and multiple of Re. 1/-
Instalment under	thereafter.
weekly/fortnightly/monthly	
STP	
Minimum amount per STP	Rs. 1500/- and multiple of Re. 1/-
Instalment under Quarterly	thereafter.
STP	
No. of STP Instalments	
a) Minimum	Twelve Instalments (Daily)
	Six instalments
	(monthly/weekly/fortnightly)
	Three instalments (quarterly)
b) Maximum	No Limit
Periodicity	Daily/ Weekly/fortnightly/Monthly/
	Quarterly
Dates available for STP	1st, 7th, 14th, 21st or 28th of every
Facility	month.
Applicable NAV and Cut-off time	Applicable NAV and cut-off time as prescribed under the Regulation shall be applicable.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change/modify the terms and conditions of the STP.

#### C. Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)

Investors can use the SWP facility for regular inflows. Withdrawals can be made by informing the AMC or Registrar of the specified withdrawal dates and minimum amount as per the table below. The amount will be converted into units at the applicable repurchase price on that date and will be subtracted from the units with the unit holder. In case the amount as specified by the unit holder is not available in the Scheme for any reason, swp will be processed for the residual amount and SWP will be ceased. Unit holders may change the amount indicated in the SWP, subject to the fresh application and minimum amount specified. The

SWP may be terminated on written notice from the unit holder and it will terminate automatically when all the units of the unit holder are liquidated or withdrawn from the account.

The features of Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) are as under: For registering or discontinuing Systematic Transfer Plans shall be subject to an advance notice of 7 (seven) calendar days

Minimum amount per SWP	Rs. 500/- and multiple of Re. 1/-
Instalment under weekly/	thereafter.
fortnightly/monthly/Annual	
SWP	
Minimum amount per SWP	Rs. 1500/- and multiples of Re. 1/-
Instalment under Quarterly	thereafter.
SWP	
No. of SWP Instalments	
a) Minimum	Twelve instalments
	(monthly/weekly/fortnightly)
	Four instalments (quarterly)
b) Maximum	One Instalment (Annual)
	No Limit
Periodicity	Weekly/Fortnightly/
	Monthly/Quarterly/Annual
Dates available for SWP	1st, 7th, 14th, 21st or 28th of every
Facility	month/ quarter.
Applicable NAV and Cut-	Applicable NAV and cut-off time as
off time	prescribed under the Regulation shall
	be applicable.
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The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change/modify the terms and conditions of the SWP.

#### **D.** Switching Option

This Option will be useful to Unit holders who wish to alter the allocation of their investment among the scheme(s) / plan(s) of the Mutual Fund (subject to completion of lock-in period, if any, of the Units of the scheme(s) from where the Units are being switched) in order to meet their changed investment needs.

The Switch will be effected by way of a Redemption of Units from the Scheme/ Plan and a reinvestment of the Redemption proceeds in respective Plan(s) under the Scheme and accordingly, to be effective, the Switch must comply with the Redemption rules of the Scheme/ Plan and the issue rules of the respective Plan(s) under the Scheme (e.g. as to the minimum number of Units that may be redeemed or issued, Exit/ Entry Load etc). The price at which the Units will be Switched-out of the respective Scheme/ Plan will be based on the Redemption Price, and the proceeds will be invested in respective Plan(s) under the Scheme at the NFO price.

The Switch request can be made on a pre-printed form or by using the relevant tear off section of the Transaction Slip enclosed with the Account Statement, which should be submitted at / may be sent by mail

to any of the ISCs.

# E. NAV Appreciation facility

Under this option, Unitholder are being provided with an option to switch an amount equal to the periodic appreciation on the investment on weekly, fortnightly and monthly frequencies. Under this option, the Unitholder transfers only proportionate amount equal to the appreciation in the investment over the last month. The Unitholder has to mention a "Start Date". The Dates available under this facility are 1st, 7th, 14th, 21st or 28th of the month. The first Switch will happen after one month from the start date. In case the Unitholder purchases additional Units, the amount to be transferred would be equal to the appreciation generated on its investments, provided the appreciation is at least Rs. 1,000/-. In the absence of any appreciation or appreciation less than Rs. 1,000/- as mentioned above, the Switch under this option will not be made for that month. The Units in the Scheme/Option from which the Switch-out is sought will be redeemed at the Applicable NAV of the Scheme/Option on the respective dates on which such Switches are sought and the amount in the scheme/plan/option to which the Switch-in is sought will be allotted at the Applicable NAV of such scheme/plan/option on the respective dates. In case the day on which the transfer is sought is a Non-Business Day for the Scheme(s), the same will be processed on the immediately following Business Day.

The Trustees reserve the right to change/modify the terms and conditions or withdraw above facility.

#### F. Mobile Facility

This facility enables investors to transact through the official application to execute transactions for purchases, SIP, STP, redemptions, switches, view portfolio valuation, download the account statements and avail such other services as may be introduced by the Fund from time to time on their mobile handsets.

#### G. Motilal Oswal Value Index (MOVI) Pack Plan

Motilal Oswal Value Index (MOVI) Pack Plan is a Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) from select debt/liquid scheme into select equity scheme that enables allocation between debt and equity asset classes. It allows Unit holders holding units in non-demat form to take advantage of fluctuations in equity market valuations and not just market levels based on MOVI. Under this facility, Investors may opt to transfer amounts from Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund\* (referred to as Transferor Scheme) to Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund (referred to as Transferee Scheme) with allocations based on MOVI levels. The transfers will be enabled in the reverse as well.

The Salient features of the Plan are as under:

a) MOVI helps gauge equity market. The Index is calculated taking into account Price to Earnings, Price to Book and IDCW Yield of the Nifty 50 Index.

- b) A low MOVI level indicates that the market valuation appears to be cheap and one may allocate a higher percentage of their investments to Equity as an asset class. A high MOVI level indicates that the market valuation appears to be expensive and that one may reduce their equity allocation.
- c) NSE Indices Ltd is the calculating agent of NIFTY MOVI. NSE Indices Ltd shall calculate, compile, maintain and provide NIFTY MOVI values to Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Ltd. NIFTY MOVI values will be published on the MOAMC website on a daily basis.
- d) Transfer: This transfer is made from the Transferor Scheme to the Transferee Scheme, on the date of allocation based on NIFTY MOVI levels.
- e) Reverse Transfer: This transfer is made from the Transferee Scheme to the Transferor Scheme, when appreciation in the market value of the Transferee Scheme results in a breach of the prescribed allocation level as determined by NIFTY MOVI.
- f) This Plan presently offers two enrolment options:
  - a. One Time Investment
  - b. Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) with a minimum of 6 Instalments.
- g) Minimum amount under this Plan is as follows:

Options	Minimum Amount of Transfer (Rs.)
One Time	Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re. 1/-
Investment	thereafter
	Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re. 1/-
STP	thereafter

h) The date of allocation will be the 15<sup>th</sup> of every month. In case the date of allocation falls on a Non-Business Day or falls during a book closure period, the immediate following Business Day will be considered as the date of allocation.

**Note:** Under 'One Time Investment' enrolment option, in addition to the 15<sup>th</sup> of every month, allocation will occur on the business day succeeding the date of enrolment into the MOVI Pack Plan.

- i) Under 'STP' enrolment option, if the Unit holder has an existing Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) in the Transferor scheme where the date of SIP falls on a date later than or on 15<sup>th</sup> of every month, then allocation for that amount will occur on 15<sup>th</sup> of the subsequent month.
- j) On the date of allocation, the prescribed percentage of the amount will be transferred in the Transferee Scheme at the closing NAV of the same day i.e. date of allocation.
- k) The AMC will require upto 7 calendar days from the date of submission of valid enrolment forms to register the Investor under

this Plan. Therefore, in the intervening period i.e. date of submission of enrolment form and date of registration, if the date of allocation is crossed, then the same will be considered at the next date of allocation.

- The amount transferred under this Plan from the Transferor Scheme to Transferee Scheme shall be effective by redeeming units of Transferor Scheme at applicable NAV, (subject to the applicable exit load, if any) and subscribing to the units of the Transferee Scheme at applicable NAV on the date of allocation.
- m) Unit holders can discontinue the Plan at any time by providing a written request which shall be made effective within 7 calendar days of the date of receipt of the said request.
- This Plan will be automatically terminated if all units are liquidated or withdrawn or pledged or upon receipt of intimation of death of the unit holder.
- O) Unit holders should note that investor details and mode of holding (single, joint, anyone or survivor) in the Transferee Scheme will be as per the existing folio number of the Transferor Scheme. Units will be allotted under the same folio number.
- p) Any change in methodology of MOVI would only be carried out by obtaining prior consent of the Board of Trustees of Motilal Oswal Trustee Company Limited, the Trustees to Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund.
- q) Given the two way movement of investments between funds, liquidity at times may be restricted by trading volumes, settlement periods, and inordinately large number of redemption requests or restructuring of the Scheme. This may impact the performance of the underlying scheme.

Investors may approach/consult their tax consultants in regard to the treatment of the transfer of units from the tax point of view.

Investors are required to refer to the terms and conditions mentioned in the enrolment form.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change/modify the terms and conditions of the MOVI Pack Plan or withdraw this facility.

This facility will also be available for transfer into any other equity scheme of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund that may be launched in future.

#### H. Motilal Oswal CashFlow Plan (MO - CP)

MO – CP enables investor to withdraw a regular sum from his investments in the eligible Schemes of MOMF at fixed percentage of original investments at a predefined frequency irrespective of the movement in market value of the investments and would be subject to the availability of account balance of the investor.

#### The Salient features of the MO – CP are as under:

- a) MO CP offers an investor the advantage of withdrawing a fixed percentage from his or her investments at the specified date for a designated tenure period at a predefined frequency i.e. monthly, quarterly and annually.
- b) MO CP is offered under Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund, Motilal Oswal Midcap 30 Fund, Motilal Oswal Flexi Cap Fund and Motilal Oswal Dynamic Fund (eligible Schemes).
- c) It is applicable for lump sum investments only. The payout will be calculated on the basis of each lump sum investment.
- d) Minimum amount under MO-CP is Rs. 5000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter
- e) It presently offers three options:
  - a. MO CP @ 7.5% p.a. of original cost of investment. The payouts for monthly and quarterly frequency would be at the rate of 0.6045% and 1.8245% respectively.
  - b. MO CP @ 10% p.a. of original cost of investment. The payouts for monthly and quarterly frequency would be at the rate of 0.7974% and 2.4114% respectively.
  - c. MO CP @ 12% p.a. of original cost of investment. The payouts would be for monthly, quarterly and annually of the investment amount.

<u>Illustration:</u> For calculation of MO – CP @ 7.5% p.a., 10% p.a. and 12% p.a. for Quarterly frequency:

Particulars	At 7.5% p.a.	At 10% p.a.	At 12% p.a.
<b>Investment Date</b>	1-Aug-17	1-Aug-17	1-Aug-17
(First Lump sum			
Investment)			
Cost of Investment	100000	100000	100000
NAV at the time of	10.38	10.38	10.38
investment			
Units Allotted	9,634.93	9,634.93	9,634.93
First Cashflow Date	1-Nov-17	1-Nov-17	1-Nov-17
NAV	11.86	11.86	11.86
Amount to be	1875	2500	3000
Redeemed			
Units Redeemed	158.03	210.71	252.85
Balance Units	9,476.90	9,424.23	9,382.08
Second Cashflow	1-Feb-18	1-Feb-18	1-Feb-18
Date			
NAV	11.61	11.61	11.61
Amount to be	1875.00	2500.00	3000.00
Redeemed			
Units Redeemed	161.47	215.29	258.35
Balance Units	9,315.43	9,208.93	9,123.73

f) In case of ambiguity MO-CP will be processed as per the following default action:

<b>Default withdrawal option</b>	7.5% p.a. of original cost of investment
Default frequency	Monthly
Default date	7 <sup>th</sup> of the month

g) Dates available for MO - CP:

Monthly & Quarterly	1st, 7th, 14th, 21st or
Frequency	28th
<b>Annual Frequency</b>	Any day of the year

- h) In case of partial redemptions, the payouts will further happen on the original investment cost and not the balance investment.
- i) In case of the account balance available under the folio is less than the desired payout amount, the redemption will be processed for the available amount in the folio and the folio would be closed.
- j) The AMC will require 7 calendar days from the date of submission of valid enrolment form to register the Investor under MO – CP. Therefore, in the intervening period i.e. date of submission of enrolment form and date of registration, if the date of payout is crossed, then the same will be considered at the next date of payout.
- k) Investors can discontinue with this facility at any time by providing a valid form which shall be made effective within 7 calendar days of the date of receipt of the said request. Therefore, in the intervening period i.e. date of submission of form and date of registration, if the date of payout is crossed, then the same will be considered at the next date of payout.
- 1) This facility will be automatically terminated if all units are liquidated or withdrawn or pledged or upon receipt of intimation of death of the investor.
- m) Investors are required to refer to the terms and conditions mentioned in the form.
- n) The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change/modify the terms and conditions of the MO-CP or withdraw of this facility.

#### I. Online Facility

This facility enables the investors to transact online through the official website <a href="https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/investonline">https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/investonline</a>/. Accordingly, the said website will also be considered as an official point of acceptance. Investors can execute transactions online for purchase, switch, Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan and Redemption for units of schemes of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund and other services as may be introduced by Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund from time to time.

# J. Application through MF utility platform

Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited (MOAMC) has entered into an agreement with **MF Utilities India Private Limited** ("MFUI"), a "Category II — Registrar to an Issue" under SEBI

(Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, for usage of MF Utility ("MFU") - a shared services initiative of various Asset Management Companies, which acts as a transaction aggregation portal for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds with a single form and a single payment instrument.

Accordingly, all financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to the schemes of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund except Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) can be done through MFU either electronically on <a href="https://www.mfuonline.com">www.mfuonline.com</a> as and when such a facility is made available by MFUI or physically through the authorized **Points of Service ("POS")** of MFUI with effect from the respective dates as published on MFUI website against the POS locations. The list of POS of MFUI is published on the website of MFUI at <a href="www.mfuindia.com">www.mfuindia.com</a> as may be updated from time to time. The Online Transaction Portal of MFU i.e. <a href="www.mfuonline.com">www.mfuonline.com</a> and the POS locations of MFUI will be in addition to the existing Official Points of Acceptance ("OPA") of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund.

The uniform cut-off time as prescribed under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and as mentioned in the Scheme Information Document (SID) / Key Information Memorandum (KIM) of respective schemes of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund shall be applicable for applications received on the portal of MFUI i.e. <a href="www.mfuonline.com">www.mfuonline.com</a>. However, investors should note that transactions on the MFUI portal shall be subject to the eligibility of the investors, any terms & conditions as stipulated by MFUI / Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund / MOAMC from time to time and any law for the time being in force.

Investors are requested to note that, MFUI will allot a **Common Account Number ("CAN")**, a single reference number for all investments in the Mutual Fund industry, for transacting in eligible schemes of various Mutual Funds through MFU and to map existing folios, if any. Investors can create a CAN by submitting the CAN Registration Form (CRF) and necessary documents at the MFUI POS. MOAMC and/or its Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) shall provide necessary details to MFUI as may be needed for providing the required services to investors / distributors through MFU. Investors are requested to visit the websites of MFUI i.e. www.mfuindia.com to download the relevant forms.

For any queries or clarifications related to MFU, please contact the Customer Care of MFUI on 1800-266-1415 (during the business hours on all days except Sunday and Public Holidays) or send an email to clientservices@mfuindia.com.

# K. Transaction through Stock Exchange

Mutual Fund also offers facility of transacting in the Units of the select Schemes/Plans/ Options through the platforms as may be provided by Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) and National Stock Exchange (NSE). Investors desirous of transacting through the stock exchange mode shall submit applications to registered stock brokers or distributors registered with NSE or BSE.

The facility of transacting through the stock exchange mechanism enables investors to buy and sell the Units of the Scheme(s) through the

stock brokers or distributors registered with the BSE and/or NSE in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI and operating guidelines and directives issued by NSE, BSE or such other recognized stock exchange in this regard. Investors desirous of transacting through the stock exchange mode may be required to have a demat account with NSDL/CDSL.

The Mutual Fund will not accept any request for transactions or service requests in respect of Units bought under this facility in demat mode directly.

The AMC/Fund will not send any account statement in respect of Units bought in demat mode or accept any request for statement as the units will be credited in demat account of the investor and their DPs should be approached for issuance of statement. Investors may note that the facility of transacting through the stock exchange mode is currently being offered only for select schemes of the Mutual Fund.

For any grievances with respect to transactions through stock exchange mechanism, Investors must approach either stock broker or the investor grievances cell of the respective stock exchange. The Fund or the AMC will not be liable for any transactions processed based on the transaction details provided by the stock exchanges.

### L. Transaction through electronic mode

Subject to the investor fulfilling certain terms and conditions stipulated by the AMC as under, MOAMC, MOMF or any other agent or representative of the AMC, Mutual Fund, the Registrar may accept transactions through any electronic mode ("fax/web/ electronic transactions") as permitted by SEBI or other regulatory authorities:

- a) The acceptance of the fax/web/electronic transactions will be solely at the risk of the transmitter of the fax/web/ electronic transactions and the recipient shall not in any way be liable or responsible for any loss, damage caused to the transmitter directly or indirectly, as a result of the transmitter sending or purporting to send such transactions.
- b) The recipient will also not be liable in the case where the transaction sent or purported to be sent is not processed on account of the fact that it was not received by the recipient.
- c) The transmitter's request to the recipient to act on any fax/web/electronic transmission is for the transmitter's convenience and the recipient is not obliged or bound to act on the same.
- d) The transmitter acknowledges that fax/web/electronic transactions is not a secure means of giving instructions/ transactions requests and that the transmitter is aware of the risks involved including those arising out of such transmission.
- e) The transmitter authorizes the recipient to accept and act on any fax/web/ electronic transmission which the recipient believes in good faith to be given by the transmitter and the recipient shall be entitled to treat any such fax/web/ electronic transaction as if the same was given to the recipient under the transmitter's original signature.
- f) The transmitter agrees that security procedures adopted by the recipient may include signature verification, telephone call backs

- which may be recorded by tape recording device and the transmitter consents to such recording and agrees to cooperate with the recipient to enable confirmation of such fax/web/ electronic transaction requests.
- g) The transmitter accepts that the fax/web/ electronic transactions shall not be considered until time stamped as a valid transaction request in the Scheme in line with SEBI Regulations. It would be considered as a final document as against the original document submitted subsequently for the purpose of records.
- In consideration of the recipient from time to time accepting and at its sole discretion acting on any fax/ web/electronic transaction request received / purporting to be received from the transmitter, the transmitter agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the AMC, Directors, employees, agents, representatives of the AMC, MOMF and Trustees from and against all actions, claims, demands, liabilities, obligations, losses, damages, costs and expenses of whatever nature (whether actual or contingent) directly or indirectly suffered or incurred, sustained by or threatened against the indemnified parties whatsoever arising from or in connection with or any way relating to the indemnified parties in good faith accepting and acting on fax/web/ electronic transaction requests including relying upon such fax/ electronic transaction requests purporting to come from the Transmitter even though it may not come from the Transmitter. The AMC reserves the right to discontinue the facility at any point of time.
- M. Investors can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through MFSS and/or NMF II facility of NSE and BSE StAR MF facility of BSE.

Stock Exchanges are required to allow investors to directly access infrastructure of recognised stock exchange to purchase and redeem Mutual Fund units from Mutual Fund/AMC

Investors can avail this facility as and when the same is made available by Stock Exchanges. KYC compliant investors can registered themselves on Stock Exchanges by providing their PAN and creating their profile on the said platform. Stock Exchanges will allot the identification number upon receipt of signed and scanned registration form.

Further upon receipt of authorisation by the Stock Exchanges platform the investor can commence the transaction

N. In addition to subscribing Units through submission of application in physical, investor / unit holder can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through RTA's website i.e. <a href="www.kfintech.com">www.kfintech.com</a>. The facility to transact in the Scheme is also available through mobile application of Kfin i.e. 'KFINTRACK'

### O. Indian Commodity Exchange Limited(ICEX)

An additional facility of transacting in the Units of all eligible Schemes of MOMF through the platform as may be provided by Indian Commodity Exchange Ltd (ICEX) to the investors. Further, Investors desirous of transacting through ICEX shall submit applications to registered stock brokers or distributors registered with ICEX.

## P. MFCentral as Official Point of Acceptance of Transactions (OPAT)

Pursuant to SEBI circular no SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-II DOF3/P/CIR/2021/604 dated July 26, 2021, with respect to complying with the requirements of RTA inter-operable Platform for enhancing investors' experience in Mutual Fund transactions / service requests, the QRTA's, Kfin Technologies Private Limited and Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) have jointly developed MFCentral, a digital platform for Mutual Fund investors.

MFCentral is created with an intent to be a one stop portal / mobile app for all Mutual fund investments and service-related needs that significantly reduces the need for submission of physical documents by enabling various digital / physical services to Mutual fund investors across fund houses subject to applicable T&Cs of the Platform. MFCentral will be enabling various features and services in a phased manner.

MFCentral may be accessed using <a href="https://mfcentral.com/">https://mfcentral.com/</a> and a Mobile App in future.

With a view to comply with all provisions of the aforesaid circular and to increase digital penetration of Mutual funds, MOMF designates MFCentral as its OPAT effective from **September 23, 2021**.

Any registered user of MFCentral, requiring submission of physical document as per the requirements of MFCentral, may do so at any of the designated Investor Service Centres/ Collection Centres of KFin Technologies Private Limited or CAMS.

### Note:

In the wake of Covid-19 pandemic outbreak and government and Municipal authorities directives and in line with the AMFI's Public notice to Mutual Fund Investors & Distributors on 22<sup>nd</sup> March, 2020, all the collection centres/branches and the Official Point of Acceptance of Transaction of MOAMC has been closed thereby not accepting any transactions in physical mode and declares its Email server as an OPAT with effect from March 23, 2020 till further notice.

In this regard, all Investors are requested to transact only through the online platforms as referred below:

### a) Website and Mobile App

- a) Our website www.motilaloswalmf.com
- b) All you need is your PAN number and mobile phone handy to receive OTP on SMS and email.
- c) Our Mobile app MOAMC that's available on android and IOS stores
- d) Instantly transact in our funds through our Whatsapp number +91 93722 05812

### b) Transaction through Designated Email ID of MOAMC

Investors are requested to take a note that transaction requests can be sent

to <u>TrxnMF@motilaloswal.com</u> (the Designated email ID) only which will be dedicated for receiving transaction requests.

The following terms and conditions shall apply to the transactions received through the aforesaid mode and shall be binding on the Investor:

- a) Transaction requests only pertaining to Additional Purchase, Redemption (excluding redemption with change of bank details) switch transactions and Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) cancellation request (for SIPs registered through physical application mode) will be accepted on the given email ID and deemed valid request. Further, only signed applications, transaction slips, forms, relevant supporting documents and payment instruments, as applicable, received on the Designated email ID shall be considered. These documents shall only be accepted if they are in PDF/JPG/Tiff format and the size not exceeding 2MB. The AMC shall acknowledge the receipt of the valid email requests.
- b) The applications have to be complete in all respects. The email should be sent from the registered email address of the investor.
- c) It may further be noted that all transactions shall be accepted only through NEFT/RTGS/Fund transfer mode to the 'Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund Common Collection Account'. No Cheque payment will be accepted through this email mode.
- d) No change or updation in Bank Mandates instruction shall be accepted over the Designated email ID.
- e) The AMC shall not verify the identity of the person sending the email requests and shall consider the email so received from the sender as sent.
- f) The physical/original documents must also be submitted by the Investor at the nearest service centre of the AMC once normal activities resume as informed by the Government.
- g) The transaction request sent on the Designated email ID will be time-stamped only once it is received on the email server of MOAMC and it shall be considered as final and binding for determining the applicable Net Asset Value (NAV).
- h) MOAMC reserves the right to change/add the email id(s) from time to time, and the same shall be updated on its website.
- i) MOAMC shall act in good faith and shall take necessary steps in connection with the email requests received regardless of the value involved and the same shall be binding on the Investor. MOAMC will be held harmless for any loss if any, suffered by the Investor for processing such transactions.
- j) In case there is a variation between the documents received vide email as against the original/physical documents which will be received thereafter, MOAMC reserves the right to process the transaction as per the documents received vide email and the pecuniary loss if any, due to any such variation shall be entirely borne by the Investor and MOAMC shall under no circumstances be liable for such losses.
- k) The Investor acknowledges that it is a web based service and that transmissions may not be properly received and may be inadvertently

read. Investor hereby agrees that the risk of misunderstanding and errors shall be borne by the Investor and MOAMC shall not be responsible for such breach and shall not be liable for any claims, liability, loss, damage, cost or expenses arising from such misunderstanding or errors caused in transmission.

- l) Investor shall indemnify MOAMC from and against all claims, liability, loss, damage, cost and expenses incurred by the AMC arising out of or relating to:
- m) MOAMC acting pursuant to, in accordance with or relying upon any email requests received or AMC not processing the email requests for any reason.
- n) Any unauthorised or fraudulent email request received by MOAMC.
- o) This facility will be provided subject to provisions of cut off timing for applicability of NAV and time stamping requirements, as amended by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) from time to time and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations as may be enforced from time to time.

### c) Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) digital platforms

- a) RTA i.e. KFIn Technologies Limited website https://mfs.kfintech.com/investor/
- b) Application made available by the RTA: KFINKART INVESTOR
- c) The investor can also transact through Distributors website KFINKART DIT APP, KFINKART DIT WEB
- d) Corporates investors website: <a href="https://mfs.kfintech.com/eConnect/">https://mfs.kfintech.com/eConnect/</a>
- e) The investor can also transact through Distributors website, MF Utility platform, Stock Exchange platforms or any other online platform meant for transacting.

### **Accounts Statements**

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/16/ 2011 dated September 8, 2011 and SEBI Circular no. CIR/MRD/DP/31/2014 dated November 12, 2014 the investor whose transaction has been accepted by the MOAMC shall receive a confirmation by way of email and/or SMS within 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of transaction request, same will be sent to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number. Thereafter, a Consolidated Account Statement ("CAS") shall be issued in line with the following procedure:

- 1. Consolidation of account statement shall be done on the basis of PAN. In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding.
- 2. The CAS shall be generated on a monthly basis and shall be issued on or before 15<sup>th</sup> of the immediately succeeding month to the unit holder(s) in whose folio(s) transaction(s) has/have taken place during the month.
- 3. In case there is no transaction in any of the mutual fund folios then CAS detailing holding of investments across all schemes of all Mutual Funds will be issued on half yearly basis [at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March)] and shall be issued on or before

21st of the immediately succeeding month. 4. Investors having MF investments and holding securities in Demat account shall receive a Consolidated Account Statement containing details of transactions across all Mutual Fund schemes and securities from the Depository by email / physical mode. 5. Investors having MF investments and not having Demat account shall receive a Consolidated Account Statement from the MF Industry containing details of transactions across all Mutual Fund schemes by email / physical mode. The word 'transaction' shall include purchase, redemption, switch, IDCW payout, IDCW reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, and systematic transfer plan. CAS shall not be received by the Unit holders for the folio(s) wherein the PAN details are not updated. The Unit holders are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN. For Micro SIP and Sikkim based investors whose PAN details are not mandatorily required to be updated Account Statement will be dispatched by MOAMC for each calendar month on or before 10th of the immediately succeeding month. The Consolidated Account statement will be in accordance to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/ DF2/CIR/P/2016/89 dated September 20, 2016 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/ CIR/P/2018/137 dated October 22, 2018. In case of a specific request received from the Unit holders, MOAMC will provide the account statement to the investors within 5 Business Days from the receipt of such request. Investors are requested/encouraged to register/update their email id and mobile number of the primary holder with the AMC/RTA through our Designated Investor Service Centres (DISCs) in order to facilitate effective communication. Note: If the investor(s) has/have provided his/their email address in the application form or any subsequent communication in any of the folio belonging to the investor(s), Mutual Fund / Asset Management Company reserves the right to use Electronic Mail (email) as a default mode to send various communication which include account statements transactions done by the investor(s). The investor shall from time to time intimate the Mutual Fund / its Registrar and Transfer Agents about any changes in the email address. **IDCW** (Income The IDCW warrants shall be dispatched to the Unitholders within 30 Distribution cum capital days of the date of declaration of the IDCW. In case of failure to despatch IDCW proceeds within 30 days, the AMC shall be liable to pay withdrawal option) interest to the Unit Holders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum) and the same shall

Delay

Redemption

be calculated from the record date.

### The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the Unitholders within 10 working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.

Further, AMCs may also use modes of dispatch such as speed post, courier etc. for payments including refunds to unitholders in addition to the registered post with acknowledgement due.

The AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the Unitholders at such rate as

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redemption /	may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15%
repurchase proceeds	per annum).
Bank Account Details	As per SEBI requirements, it is mandatory for an investor to provide
	his/her bank account number in the Application Form. The Bank Account
	details as mentioned with the Depository should be mentioned. If
	depository account details furnished in the application form are invalid or
	not confirmed in the depository system, the application may be rejected.
	The Application Form without the Bank account details would be treated
	as incomplete and rejected.
	Notwithstanding any of the above conditions, any application may be
	accepted or rejected at the sole and absolute discretion of the Trustee.
<b>Treatment</b> of	In accordance with SEBI Circular reference no. SEBI/ HO/ IMD/ DF2/
Unclaimed IDCW and	CIR/ P/2016/ 37 dated February 25, 2016, Mutual Funds shall provide
Redemption	the details of investors on their website like, their name, address, folios,
`	etc. The website shall also include the process of claiming the unclaimed
	amount alongwith necessary forms and document. Further, the unclaimed
	amount along with its prevailing value shall be disclosed to investors
	separately in their periodic statement of accounts/CAS.
	Further, pursuant to said circular on treatment of unclaimed redemption
	and IDCW amounts, redemption/IDCW amounts remaining unclaimed
	based on expiry of payment instruments will be identified on a monthly
	basis and amounts of unclaimed redemption/IDCW would be deployed in
	the respective Unclaimed Amount Plan(s) as follows:
	Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund - Unclaimed IDCW - Upto 3 years,
	Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund - Unclaimed IDCW - Greater than 3 years,
	Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund - Unclaimed Redemption - Upto 3 years
	Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund - Unclaimed Redemption - Greater than 3
	years
	Investors are requested to note that pursuant to the circular investors who
	claim the unclaimed amounts during a period of three years from the due
	date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned
	on its deployment. Investors, who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall
	be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its
	deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income
	earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education.
Right to limit	The Trustee may, in the general interest of the Unitholders of the Scheme
Redemptions Hilli	and when considered appropriate to do so based on unforeseen
- Lewellipelois	circumstances/unusual market conditions, impose restriction on
	redemption of Units of the Schemes. The following requirements will be
	observed before imposing restriction on redemptions:
	a. Restriction may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to
	a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or
	the efficient functioning of markets such as:
	i. Liquidity issues - when market at large becomes illiquid
	affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific
	security. AMCs should have in place sound internal liquidity
	management tools for schemes. Restriction on redemption cannot
	be used as an ordinary tool in order to manage the liquidity of a

Cash Investments in mutual funds  The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in	scheme. Further, restriction on redemption due to illiquidity of a specific security in the portfolio of a scheme due to a poor investment decision shall not be allowed.  ii. Market failures, exchange closures - when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies.  iii. Operational issues - when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems  b. Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specific period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 day period.  c. Any such imposition requires specific approval of Board of AMCs and Trustees and the same shall be immediately informed to SEBI.  d. When restriction on redemption is applied the following procedure shall be followed:  a) Redemption requests upto Rs. 2 lakh will not be subject to such restriction.  b) In case of redemption requests above Rs. 2 lakhs, the AMC shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakhs without restriction and remaining part over above be subject to such restriction.  The Fund/ AMC is currently in the process of setting up appropriate systems and procedures for the said purpose.  Appropriate notice shall be displayed on its website viz. as well as at the Investor Service Centres, once the facility is made available to the investors.  Units once redeemed/repurchased will not be re-issued.
the same.	
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of Units being offered.	Units of the Scheme which are issued in demat (electronic) form will be transferred and transmitted in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time.
	Right to Limit Fresh Subscription  The Trustees reserves the right at its sole discretion to withdraw / suspend the allotment / Subscription of Units in the Scheme temporarily or indefinitely or otherwise, if it is viewed that increasing the size of such Scheme may prove detrimental to the Unit holders of such Scheme. An order to Purchase the Units is not binding on and may be rejected by the Trustees or the AMC unless it has been confirmed in writing by the AMC and/or payment has been received.

#### Physical Units which are held in the form of account statement:

Additions/deletion of names in case of Units held in other than demat mode in the form of account statement will not be allowed under any folio of the Scheme. However, on request from the Unitholder, Unit certificates will be issued in lieu of account statement for the same. The AMC will issue a Unit certificate to the applicant within 5 Business Days of the receipt of request for the certificate. Unit certificate, if issued, must be duly discharged by the Unit holder(s) and surrendered along with the request for redemption/switch or any other transaction of Units covered therein. The AMC shall, on production of instrument of transfer together with relevant unit certificates, register the transfer and return the unit certificate to the transferee within thirty days from the date of such production.

The above provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of Unit holder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission of Units and not transfer.

### C. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

### Net Asset Value

This is the value per unit of the scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments by multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.

AMC will declare separate NAV under Regular Plan and Direct Plan of the Scheme.

The NAV will be calculated on all business days and disclosed in the manner specified by SEBI. The AMC shall update the NAVs on its website <a href="www.motilaloswalmf.com">www.motilaloswalmf.com</a> and also on AMFI website <a href="www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a> before 11.00 p.m. on every business day. Further, Mutual Funds/ AMCs shall extend facility of sending latest available NAVs to investors through SMS, upon receiving a specific request in this regard. If the NAV is not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

Investors can also contact the office of the AMC to obtain the NAV of the Scheme.

### Monthly & Half yearly Disclosures: Portfolio

This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures. The Mutual Fund / AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in a user friendly & downloadable spreadsheet format, as on the last day of the month/half year for the scheme(s) on its website (<a href="www.motilaloswalmf.com">www.motilaloswalmf.com</a>) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month/half year.

In case of investors whose email addresses are registered with MOMF, the AMC shall send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/half year respectively.

The AMC shall publish an advertisement every half-year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half yearly statement of the schemes portfolio on the AMC's website (www.motilaloswalmf.com) and on the website of AMFI

	/
	(www.amfiindia.com). The AMC shall provide physical copy of the statement of scheme portfolio on specific request received from investors.
Monthly & Annual Disclosure of Riskometer	The fund shall communicate any change in risk-o-meter by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS to unitholder. Further Risk-o-meter of scheme shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and Risk-o-meter along with portfolio shall be disclosed on website and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month.
	Additionally, MOMF shall disclose the risk level of all schemes as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, on its website and AMFI website.
Disclosure of Benchmark Riskometer	Pursuant to SEBI Circular No SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-II DOF3/P/CIR/2021/621 dated August 31, 2021, the AMC shall disclose risk-o-meter of the scheme and benchmark in all disclosures including promotional material or that stipulated by SEBI wherever the performance of the scheme vis-à-vis that of the benchmark is disclosed to the investors in which the unit holders are invested as on the date of such disclosure.
Half yearly Disclosures: Financial Results	The Mutual Fund shall within one month from the close of each half year, that is on 31 <sup>st</sup> March and on 30 <sup>th</sup> September, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on its website. The mutual fund shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such financial results on their website, in atleast one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.
Annual Report	The Mutual Fund / AMC will host the Annual Report of the Schemes on its website (www. motilaloswalmf.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e. 31st March each year).
	The Mutual Fund / AMC shall mail the scheme annual reports or abridged summary thereof to those investors whose e-mail addresses are registered with MOMF. The full annual report or abridged summary shall be available for inspection at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund and a copy shall be made available to the investors on request at free of cost.
	Investors who have not registered their e-mail id will have to specifically opt-in to receive a physical copy of the Annual Report or Abridged Summary thereof.
	MOMF will publish an advertisement every year in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of scheme wise Annual Report on the AMC website ( <a href="www.motilaloswalmf.com">www.motilaloswalmf.com</a> ) and

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	on the website of AMFI ( <u>www.amfiindia.com</u> ).
Product Dashboard	In accordance with SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2016/42 dated March 18, 2016, the AMC has designed and developed the dashboard on their website wherein the investor can access information with regard to scheme's AUM, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details and past performance of all the schemes.
<b>Associate Transactions</b>	Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).
Taxation	Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).
Investor services	Mr. Jamin Majethia Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited 10 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Rahimtullah Sayani Road, Opp. Parel ST Depot, Prabhadevi, Mumbai – 400025 Tel No.: ::+91 8108622222 and +91 22 40548002 Fax No.: 02230896884 Email.: mfservice@motilaloswal.com  Investors are advised to contact any of the Designated Collection Center / Investor Service Center or the AMC by calling the toll free no. of the AMC at +91 8108622222 +91 22 40548002. Investors can also visit our website www.motilaloswalmf.com for complete details.  Investor may also approach the Compliance Officer / CEO of the AMC. The details including, inter-alia, name & address of Compliance Officer & CEO, their e-mail addresses and telephone numbers are displayed at each offices of the AMC.  For any grievances with respect to transactions through stock exchange mechanism, Unit Holders must approach either their stock broker or the investor grievance cell of the respective stock exchange or their distributor.

### D. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit under the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of units outstanding on the valuation day. The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VIII of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the units under the Scheme shall be calculated as follows:

NAV (Rs.) = Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments + Receivables + Accrued Income + Other Assets - Accrued Expenses- Payables- Other Liabilities

No. of Units outstanding under Scheme on the Valuation Day

The NAV will be calculated up to four decimals.

The NAV shall be calculated and announced on each working day. The computation of NAV shall be in conformity with SEBI Regulations and guidelines as prescribed from time to time.

### IV. FEES AND EXPENSES

This section outlines the expenses that will be charged to the Scheme.

### A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid, marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc.

The entire NFO expenses were borne by the AMC.

### B. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include but are not limited to Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer agents' fees & expenses, marketing and selling costs etc.

The AMC has estimated that the following expenses will be charged to the Scheme, as permitted under Regulation 52 of SEBI (MF) Regulations. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the Fund.

Particulars	% p.a. of daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 2.25%
Trustee fee	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees	
Marketing & Selling expense including agents' commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and IDCW/ redemption cheques and	
warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and derivative market trades respectively	
Goods and Service Tax (GST) on expenses other than investment management and advisory fees	
GST on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses*	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	Upto 2.25%
(i) and 6 (a)	_
Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)	Upto 0.05%
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities under Regulation 52 (6A)(b) <sup>#</sup>	Upto 0.30%

<sup>\*</sup>Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, may be charged with approval of the Trustee within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.

\*Additional TER will be charged based on inflows only from retail investors (other than Corporates and Institutions) from B 30 cities.

\$ As per SEBI Circular dated March 25, 2019, it has been decided that inflows of amount upto Rs. 2,00,000/- per transaction, by the individual investors shall be considered as inflows from retail investors.

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the Asset Management Companies (AMC), its associate, sponsor, trustee or any other entity through any route. Provided that the expenses that are very small in value but high in volume may be paid out of AMC's books. Such expenses can be paid out of AMC's books at actuals or not exceeding 2 bps of respective scheme AUM, whichever is lower

However, the upfront trail commission shall be paid from AMC's books for inflows through SIPs from new investors as per the applicable regulations. The said commission shall be amortized on daily basis to the scheme over the period for which the payment has been made. A complete audit trail of upfronting of trail commissions from the AMC's books and amortization of the same to scheme(s) thereafter shall be made available for inspection. The said commission should be charged to the scheme as 'commissions' and should also account for computing the TER differential between regular and direct plans in each scheme.

The recurring expenses of the Scheme (excluding additional expenses under regulation 52(6A)(c) and additional distribution expenses for gross inflows from specified cities), as per SEBI Regulations are as follows:

First	Next	Next	Next	Next	Next Rs.40,000 crore	on the
Rs.500	Rs.250	Rs.1,250	Rs.3,000	Rs.5,000		balance of
crore	crore	crore	crore	crore		the assets
2.25%	2.00%	1.75%	1.60%	1.50%	Total expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs.5,000	1.05%
					crores of daily net assets or part thereof.	

The expenses towards Investment Management and Advisory Fees under Regulation 52 (2) and the various sub-heads of recurring expenses mentioned under Regulation 52 (4) of SEBI (MF) Regulations are fungible in nature. Thus, there shall be no internal sub-limits within the expense ratio for expense heads mentioned under Regulation 52 (2) and (4) respectively. Further, the additional expenses under Regulation 52(6A)(c) shall also be incurred towards any of these expense heads.

All fees and expenses charged in a direct plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a regular plan. The TER of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of the distribution expenses/commission which is charged in the Regular Plan and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under the Direct Plan. . Accordingly, the NAV of the Direct Plan would be different from NAV of Regular Plan.

In addition to expenses under Regulation 52(6) and (6A), AMC may charge GST on investment and advisory fees, expenses other than investment and advisory fees and brokerage and transaction cost as below:

1. GST on investment and advisory fees charged to the scheme will be in addition to the maximum limit of TER as prescribed in regulation 52 (6) of the SEBI Regulations.

- 2. GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees, if any, shall be borne by the scheme within the maximum limit of TER as per regulation 52 of the SEBI Regulations.
- 3. GST on exit load, if any, will be paid out of the exit load proceeds and exit load net of GST, if any, shall be credited to the scheme.
- 4. GST on brokerage and transaction cost paid for execution of trade, if any, shall be within the limit prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI Regulations.

In accordance with Regulation 52(6A), the following expenses can be charged in addition to the existing total recurring expenses charged under Regulation 52(6):

Brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade and is included in the cost of investment, not exceeding 0.12 % in case of cash market transactions and 0.05 % in case of derivatives transactions:

Any payment towards brokerage and transaction costs, over and above the said 12 bps and 5 bps for cash market and derivatives transactions respectively, shall be charged to the Scheme within the total recurring expenses limit specified under Regulation 52 of SEBI Regulations. Any expenditure in excess of the said limit will be borne by the AMC/Trustees/Sponsors.

In addition to the limits as specified in Regulation 52(6) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996 or the Total Recurring Expenses (Total Expense Limit) as specified above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the scheme:

Additional TER can be charged up to 30 basis points on daily net assets of the scheme as per regulation 52 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (hereinafter referred to as Regulations), if the new inflows from beyond top 30 cities are at least (a) 30% of gross new inflows in the scheme or (b) 15% of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher Provided that expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities

In case inflows from beyond top 30 cities is less than the higher of (a) or (b) above, additional TER on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged as follows:

<u>Daily net assets **X** 30 basis points **X** New inflows from beyond top 30 cities 365\* **X** Higher of (a) or (b) above</u>

\* 366, wherever applicable.

The top 30 cities shall mean top 30 cities based on Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) data on 'AUM by Geography – Consolidated Data for Mutual Fund Industry' as at the end of the previous financial year.

The additional TER on account of inflows from beyond top 30 cities so charged shall be clawed back in case the same is redeemed within a period of 1 year from the date of investment.

Mutual funds/AMCs shall make complete disclosures in the half yearly report of Trustees to SEBI regarding the efforts undertaken by them to increase geographical penetration of mutual funds and the details of opening of new branches, especially at locations beyond top 30 cities.

The Mutual Fund would update the current expense ratios on the website (<a href="www.motilaloswalmf.com">www.motilaloswalmf.com</a>) atleast three working days prior to the effective date of the change. Investors can refer to "Total Expense Ratio" section on <a href="https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/downloads/mutual-fund/totalexpenseratio">https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/downloads/mutual-fund/totalexpenseratio</a> for Total Expense Ratio (TER) details.

The AMC shall charge the investment management and advisory fees and the total recurring expenses of the Scheme in accordance with the limits prescribed from time to time under the SEBI Regulations.

### C. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to subscribe to the units or to redeem the units from the Scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC <a href="www.motilaloswalmf.com">www.motilaloswalmf.com</a> or may call at toll free no. +91 8108622222 and +91 22 40548002 or your distributor.

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as %age of NAV)
Entry	NIL
Exit	1% - If redeemed on or before 15 days from the date of allotment.  Nil - If redeemed after 15 days from the date of allotment.  No Exit Load will be applicable in case of switch between the Schemes, Motilal Oswal Focused 25 Fund, Motilal Oswal Midcap 30 Fund, Motilal Oswal Flexi Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal Dynamic Fund, Motilal Oswal Equity Hybrid Fund, Motilal Oswal Large and Midcap Fund and other schemes as may be amended by AMC vide its addendum issued in this regard. No Load shall be imposed for switching between Options within the Scheme. Further, it is clarified that there will be no exit load charged on a switch-out from Regular to Direct plan within the same scheme.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing.

Repurchase/ Resale is at Net Asset Value (NAV) related prices with repurchase/ resale loads as applicable (within limits) as specified under SEBI Regulations 1996, While determining the price of the units, the fund will ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.

Any imposition or enhancement in the load structure shall apply on a prospective basis and in no case the same would affect the existing investors adversely. Bonus units and units issued on reinvestment of IDCWs shall not be subject to entry and exit load.

Under the Scheme, the AMC reserves the right to modify/alter the load structure if it so deems fit in the interest of smooth and efficient functioning of the scheme, subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI Regulations. The load may also be changed from time to time and in case of exit/redemption, load may be linked to the period of holding.

For any change in the load structure, the AMC would undertake the following steps:

- 1. The addendum detailing the changes will be attached to SID and Key Information Memorandum (KIM). The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors so that the same can be attached to all SID and KIM already in stock.
- 2. Arrangements shall be made to display the changes/modifications in the SID in the form of a notice in all Investor Service Centres and distributors/brokers offices.
- 3. The introduction of the exit load along with the details shall be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and may also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load.
- 4. The Fund shall display an Addendum in respect of such changes on its website (www.motilaloswalmf.com).
- 5. The Fund shall display the addendum Any other measure that the Mutual Fund shall consider necessary.

### D. Waiver of Load

Not Applicable

### E. Transaction charge

The AMC/Mutual Fund shall deduct the Transaction Charges on purchase / subscription received from first time mutual fund investors and investors other than first time mutual fund investors through the distributor or through the stock exchange platforms viz. BSE Star MF/ NSE NMF II platforms (who have specifically opted-in to receive the transaction charges) as under:

- i. For existing investor in a Mutual Fund: Rs.100/- per subscription of Rs.10,000/- and above;
- ii. For first time investor in Mutual Funds: Rs.150/- per subscription of Rs.10,000/- and above.

However, there will be no transaction charge on:

- i. Subscription of less than Rs. 10,000/-; or
- ii. Transactions other than purchases/subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switch/STP/SWP/DTP, etc.; or
- iii. Direct subscription (subscription not routed through distributor); or
- iv. Subscription routed through distributor who has chosen to 'Opt-out' of charging of transaction charge.

The transaction charge as mentioned above will be deducted by AMC from subscription amount of the Unitholder and paid to distributor and the balance shall be invested in the Scheme.

The distributors shall also have the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge based on type of the product.

### V. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS

Please refer to SAI for details.

# VI. PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

This section contains the details of penalties, pending litigation, and action taken by SEBI and other regulatory and Govt. Agencies.

1. All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed.

### Not Applicable

- 2. In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to shareholders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed.
  - a. During the period May 2012 to September 2021, the NSE has levied penalties/fines on Motilal Oswal Financial Services Ltd. (MOFSL), aggregating to Rs. 89,03,21,363.59 on account of various reasons viz: non-submission of UCC details, , short collection of margins & violation of market wide position limit in F&O segment, observations made during the course of inspections. However the aforesaid penalties/fines as levied by NSE have been duly paid.
  - b. During the period May 2012 to September 2021, the BSE has levied penalties/fines aggregating to Rs. 98,88,821.08 on account of various reasons viz: non-submission of UCC details, settlement of transactions through delivery versus payment, observations made during the course of inspections, etc. However the aforesaid penalties/fines as levied by BSE have been duly paid.
  - c. During the period March 2018 to September 2021, the NCDEX has levied penalties/fines on Motilal Oswal Financial Services Ltd. (MOFSL), aggregating to INR Rs. 1,27,21,928.66 on account of Margin Shortfall Penalty. However the aforesaid penalties/fines as levied by NCDEX have been duly paid.
  - d. During the period March 2018 to September 2021, the MCX has levied penalties/fines on Motilal Oswal Financial Services Ltd. (MOFSL), aggregating to INR Rs. 10,12,33,884.84 on account of various reasons viz: late/non submission of details pertaining to Enhanced Supervision, Margin Shortfall Penalty, etc. However the aforesaid penalties/fines as levied by MCX have been duly paid.
  - e. During the period April 2013 to July 2021, the CDSL has levied penalties/fines aggregating to Rs. 8,52,154.48 on account of reasons viz: non-collection of proof of identity of clients, deviation in following of transmission procedure etc; whereas from penalty of Rs. 21,310.88 were levied by NSDL during the course of MOFSL operations. However the aforesaid penalties/fines as levied by CDSL and NSDL have been duly paid.

### Details of pending litigations of MOSL are as follows:

Sr. No	Name of the Party	Particulars	Status
1	MOFSL VS Satish Sadanand Karekar	Being aggrieved by the Original Arbitration Award, MOFSL filed appeal. The Client had filed GRC complaint alleging inducement to trade in OPTION and recommended to hold trades till expiry leading to huge loss. Further due to unilateral decision, the Client had suffered loss of Rs. 1.25 Cr. Said complaint partly allowed by GRC Panel up to Rs. 17 Lakhs which is brokerage cost for FY 2019-20. Against the said order, Client preferred Original Arbitration claiming Rs. 1.22 Cr. and MOFSL filed counter claim to set aside the GRC order against us. Now, Original Arbitral Panel passed Award and rejected the Clients' claim and also our counter claim. So, Appeal Arbitration is filed by MOFSL.	Pending with NSE
2	DOYEL GHOSH VS MOFSL	Client has alleged UT in her account, though she was defeated in IGRP, she has now challenged IGRP order	Pending with NSE
3	Satish Sadanand Karekar vs MOFSL	Being aggrieved by the Original Arbitration Award, Client filed appeal. The Client had filed GRC complaint alleging inducement to trade in OPTION and recommended to hold trades till expiry leading to huge loss. Further due to unilateral decision, the Client had suffered loss of Rs. 1.25 Cr. Said complaint partly allowed by GRC Panel up to Rs. 17 Lakhs which is brokerage cost for FY 2019-20. Against the said order, Client preferred Original Arbitration claiming Rs. 1.22 Cr. and MOFSL filed counter claim to set aside the GRC order against us. Now, Original Arbitral Panel passed Award and rejected the Clients' claim and also our counter claim. So, Appeal Arbitration is filed by Client.	Pending with NSE
4	MOFSL VS Vinay K Varma	Being aggrieved by Original Arbitration Award, MOFSL filed appeal. The Client filed GRC complaint allegation inducement, assured profit and unauthorised trades and had claimed Rs. 14.36 Lacs. Since, the GRC Member rejected the claim, the Client had filed Lower Arbitration matter. Now, the Sole Arbitrator passed Award and has	Pending with NSE

		partly allowed the Claim up to Rs. 4.92 Lacs. So, Appeal Arbitration is filed by MOFSL.	
5	MOFSL VS Zeeshana Khan	Client alleged Un-authorised Trade in his account. and Lower Arbitration Award confirmed IGRP order, thus Appeal was filed.	Pending with NSE
6	MOFSL VS Dhananjay Kumar Verma	Being aggrieved by GRC Order, the Arbitration matter is filed. The Client has alleged unauthorisied trade executed by BA.	Pending with NSE
7	MOFSL VS PRAKASH SANTLAL JHAWAR	Sec 34 petition filed in Bombay Challenging the Appeallate Arbitraton Award, Client alleged UT in his account and amount was admitted in IGRP, which was challenged by us before the Arbitration & Appellate Arbitration Tribunal of NSE.	Pending with HIGH COURT BOMBAY
8	Shubhecha Ghosh VS MOFSL	Being aggrieved by GRC order, Client filed Arbitration proceeding alleging unauthorised trade.	Pending with NSE
9	Jigar Kotak VS MOFSL	Being aggrieved by GRC order, Client filed Arbitration proceeding alleging inducement in FNO trade.	Pending with NSE
10	AJIT PRASAD SHAW VS MOFSL	Client Claimed UT in his account.	Pending with NSE
11	MOFSL VS Praveen Kumar Pai	Arbitration filed against IGRP order of 4,10,000, Client had requested to open position however new position was made by mistake and mistake was accepted by dealer, which was closed on expiry date because of which loss suffered.	Pending with NSE
12	Vijay Kumar Gupta VS MOFSL	Client Claimed UT in his account	Pending with NSE
13	Padmavathi VS MOFSL	Complainant had invested in Mutual funds in 2018. by 2020 all the MF were liquidated. Mofsl had produced pre trade confirmation slip and post trade confirmations. GRC order in favour of MOFSL.	Pending with NSE
14	MOFSL VS Rajasimha KN	Being aggrieved by Lower Arbitration Award, MOFSL filed Appeal Arbitration before NSE. The Client has alleged unauthorised trade executed by	Pending with NSE

		BA . The GRC Panel passed Admissible claim of Rs. 18. 62 Lacs. The Lower Arbitral Tribunal reduced the amount to Rs. 9.90 Lacs.	
15	MOFSL VS TAPAS KUMAR SADHUKHAN	Client Claimed UT in lower Arbitraiton, Partial Award was allowed in favor of Client, we have challenged in Appeal	Pending with NSE
16	Poonam Goyal VS MOFSL	Being aggrieved by lower Arbitration Award, the Client has preferred Appeal Arbitration. Client has alleged unauhtorised trade executed in her account.	Pending with NSE
17	Sunil Kumar Gupta VS MOFSL	Being aggrieved by GRC order, Client has filed Arbitration alleging unauthorised trade executed in his account.	Pending with BSE
18	MOFSL VS Ritaben Prajapati	Being aggrieved by Lower Arbitration Award, MOFSL filed Appeal Arbitration to set aside admissible claim. The Client has alleged unauthorised trade executed in his account.	Pending with NSE
19	MOFSL VS Sythamma Karipal Josehp	Filed Arbitration against GRC order Client alleged Unauthorised selling of NCDs and Trades in her account.	Pending with NSE
20	MOFSL VS Shaikh Mohammadhanif F	Being aggrieved by GRC admissible claim, MOFSL filed Arbitration proceeding. The Client has alleged unauthorised trade executed in his account.	Pending with NSE
21	MOFSL VS MAYANK SINGH	Client claimed UT in his account,IGRP ordered to write off the debit amount, we had filed arbitration challenging the order	Pending with NSE
22	MOFSL VS SAROJ KUMAR SINGH	Client Claimed UT in his account, Arbitration filed challenging IGRP order	Pending with NSE
23	MOFSL VS Sangeeta Gupta	Arbitration filed against IGRP order dated 5th February 2021 as client alleged Un authorised trade. Position opened but was closed on the expiry because of which loss suffered however client had not requested to close position before the expiry.	Pending with NSE

24	MOFSL VS USHA SINGH	Arbitration against IGRP order, client claimed UT in her account.	Pending with NSE
25	MOFSL VS Suresh Prasad Singh	Arbitration against IGRP order dated 9th feb, 2021. Client has alleged UT in his account	Pending with NSE
26	MOFSL VS Gretta Philomena Rodrigues	Abitration filed against IGRP Order as Client alleged Unauthorised trades in her account.	Pending with NSE
27	MOFSL VS Mukesh Devichand Vardhan	Being aggrieved by the lower Arbitration Award, MOFSL filed appeal to pass an Award directing the Client to make payment of his ledger obligation.	Pending with NSE
28	ALIF HASSAN VS MOFSL	Client has claimed UT in his account	Pending with NSE
29	MOFSL VS Krishnappa Chikallya	We have filed an Arbitration to recover the ledger debit amount from the client.	Pending with MCX
30	Anil Vallbhdas Agrawal VS MOFSL	Being aggrieved by Lower Arbitral Tribunal, Client filed Appeal Arbitration. Client filed GRC complaint alleging RMS square off action is unauthorized. As GRC complaint rejected, so he had filed Arbitration Proceeding. Lower Arbitral Tribunal dismissed the claim of the Client.	Pending with NSE
31	Rajiv Garg VS MOFSL	Client being aggrieved by Lower Arbitration Award, filed Appeal Arbitration before Exchange.	Pending with MCX

32	Dhanera Diamonds VS MOFSL	Client has filed an appeal against the Award dated June 12, 2021 by which the arbitral tribunal has allowed the recovery claim of MOFSL amounting to Rs. 80.74 Crore. In the the appeal the client has prayed for dismissal of our claim and allowing the counter claim of the client.	Pending with MCX
33	MOFSL VS Pradeep Shivnarayan Rathi	Aggrieved by IGRP order, we had filed Arbitration	Pending with NSE
34	MOFSL VS Grace Varghese	Aggrieved by the Award passed in Appellate Arbitration, we had filed sec 34 application challenging the arb appeal award.	Pending with District Court Ernakulam
35	MOFSL VS VERGHESE KURUVILLA	Aggrieved by Appellate Arbitration award, we had filed Sec 34 application before District Court Ernakullam	Pending with District Court Ernakulam
36	MOFSL VS Dr. Abdul Majeed	Being Aggrieved by the award passed in Appellate Arbitration Tribunal of NSE, we had challeneged the award before district court u/sec. 34 of Arb. Act.	Pending with District Court Ernakulam
37	MOFSL VS NARAYANAN MOOTHATHU	Being Aggreived by the Award passed in Appellate Arbitration of NSE, We had filed Sec 34 Appln before the District Court Ernakulam.	Pending with District Court - Ernakulam
38	MOFSL VS THOMAS A.V.	Being Aggrieved by the Award passed by Appellate Arbitration Panel of NSE, we had filed Sec 34 Application before District Court Ernakulam.	Pending with District Court Ernakulam
39	MOFSL VS Jeethu Nelson	BA has violated terms of BA Agreement and also various compliance norms. So, MOFSL filed Private Arbitration Proceeding against the BA to recover the bad debts incurred due to such noncompliance.	Pending with private Arbitrator
40	Rakshak Kapoor VS MOFSL	Client has filed an appeal against the order of the High Court allowing application of MOFSL u/s34 of Arbitration Act whereby the claim of MOFSL was granted.	Pending with High Court
41	MOFSL VS Samrat Deb	Aggrieved by Appellate Arbitration Award, MOSL filed Appeal 34 Arbitration proceeding. The allegation of the Client about unauthorised trade in F&O segment and square off of SIP.	Pending with DISTRICT AND SESSIONS JUDGE, BARASAT, NORTH 24 PARGANAS

42	MOFSL VS Rupinder Anand	Aggrieved by Appellate Award, MOSL has filed Appeal to set aside the Appellate Award.	Pending with HIGH COURT BOMBAY
43	MOCBPL VS Satish Bhalla HUF	MOCBPL had initially filed Arbitration to recover the debit balance from the client. Bring Aggrieved by the Award, the Client has filed Arbitration appeal u/s. 34 before Bombay High Court. High Court passed an order by remanding back the matter and appointing fresh arbitrator	Pending with arbitrator
44	MOFSL VS AFP Ideas and Execution Pvt Ltd.	Aggrieved by Appellate Award, MOSL has filed Appeal to set aside the Appellate Award.	Pending with HIGH COURT BOMBAY
45	Asha Devi Jain VS MOFSL	Client preferred Appeal u/s 34.	Pending with CITY CIVIL and SESSIONS JUDGE Bangalore
46	MOFSL VS Thangavel Krishnamurthy	Aggrieved by Appellate Award, MOSL has filed Appeal to set aside the lower bench Award and claimed outstanding debit amount	Pending with Madras High Court
47	MOFSL VS Shiv Prasad Jallan	Being Aggrieved by IG Order against MOSI, MOSL preferred Arbitration proceedings in which award was passed against MOSL. MOSL preferred appeal. The Appellate Award was also passed against MOSL; and now MOSL has filed Application u/s. 34.	Pending with Chief Judges Courts Hyderabad
48	Padmaja Munnagi VS MOFSL	We have filed Arbitration proceedings against the IGRP Order wherein MOSL was directed to pay the partial claim amount for the alleged disputed trades in client account. Aggrieved by the original Award the client has preferred Arbitration Appeal and the same was rejected. Aggrieved by the Appellate Award the client preferred Application u/s. 34.	Pending with Chief Judges Courts Hyderabad

49	Bangaru Babu Munnagi VS MOFSL	We have filed Arbitration proceedings against the IGRP Order wherein MOSL was directed to pay the partial claim amount for the alleged disputed trades in client account. Aggrieved by the original Award the client has preferred Arbitration Appeal and the same was rejected. Aggrieved by the Appellate Award the client preferred Application u/s. 34.	Pending with Chief Judges Courts Hyderabad
50	Balasubramanya S VS MOFSL	MOSL had filed Arbitration against the IGRP order. However, Award was passed against MOSL. Aggrieved by said award, MOSL filed appeal which was awarded in favour of MOSL. Aggrieved by appellate award, client has filed appeal u/s. 34.	Pending with District and Sessions Court Vadodara
51	Rahul Gupta VS MOSL	Aggrieved by the Appellate Arbitration Award, the client filed appeal to set aside the Award.	Pending with District and Sessions Court Chandigarh
52	Shakuntala Koshta VS MOFSL	The Client being aggrieved by the Award passed in favor, filed 34 before District Court Jabalpur	Pending with District Sessions court , Jabalpur
53	MOFSL VS Shakuntala Koshta	Aggrieved by Award dated April 4, 2016, MOSL filed Appeal	Pending with District and Sessions Court Indore
54	MOFSL VS Mamta Agarwal & Shankar Das	Aggrieved by Award, MOSL filed Appeal before Mumbai Highcourt	Pending with mumbai High Court
55	Moti Dadlani VS MOFSL	Moti Dadlani aggrieved by the lower bench award have filed appeal in Bombay High Court U/Sec. 34	Pending with mumbai High Court
56	MOFSL VS Vinay Chillalsetti	Aggrieved by the Appellate Award at NSE, Bangalore MOSL filed an Appeal before District Court at Bangalore.	Pending with CITY CIVIL and SESSIONS JUDGE Bangalore
57	Rajesh Tiwari VS MOFSL	Client has challenged the Order of the High Court, Mumbai.	Pending with mumbai High Court
58	Surender Goel VS MOFSL	The Client has made allegations regarding the debits in his account and few illegal adjustments.  The Client being aggrieved by the Award and appellate Award, filed appeal u/s. 34 at High	Pending with High Court Delhi

		Court, Delhi	
59	Rohtash VS	The client has alleged the unauthorized trading in	Pending with
	MOFSL	both cash and F&O segment in their account.	High Court
			Delhi
60	Tapan Dhar VS	Being aggrieved by the Appellete Bench Award,	Pending with
	MOFSL	the client filed Application u/s. 34 before the City	City Civil Court,
61	Shanti Goel VS	Civil Court at Kolkata.  The Sub broker has alleged regarding the some	Calcutta Pending with
01	MOFSL	illegal debits in her account. The Lower bench of	High Court
		the Arbitration passed Award in favor of MOSL	Delhi
		and hence, aggrieved by the said Award and	
		Appellate Award the sub broker filed the appeal u/s. 34 at Delhi High Court.	
62	MOFSL VS Vinay	We have filed Appeal u/s. 34 before Chennai High	Pending with
	Chillalsetti	Court	Madras High
			Court
63	MOFSL VS Anil	Being aggrieved by the Award passed by High	Pending with
	Agarwal	Court in application u/s 34 appeal is filed by MOSL before High Court, Mumbai. MOSL filed	mumbai High Court
		notice of Motion before High Court Mumbai and it	
		is pending for hearing.	
64	MOFSL VS Idea	Being aggrieved by the Award passed by High	Pending with
	Internationals Pvt.	Court in application u/s 34 appeal is filed by	mumbai High
	Ltd.	MOSL before High Court, Mumbai.	Court
65	MOESI VS Idea	Daing aggricated by the Assent record by It's	Danding with
65	MOFSL VS Idea Internationals Pvt.	Being aggrieved by the Award passed by High Court in application u/s 34 appeal is filed by	Pending with mumbai High
	Ltd.	MOSL before High Court, Mumbai.	Court
	MODELLA		D. II.
66	MOFSL VS Sandeep Paul	Being aggrieved by the Appellate Bench Award, the client filed Application u/s. 34 before the High	Pending with High Court
	Sandeep I au	Court, Delhi	Delhi

67	S&D Financial VS	The Arbitration Department, of the NSE had, vide	Pending with
	MOFSL	their award dated September 22, 2006, ("Award"),	High court
		directed that the S&D Financial to pay MOSL	Kolkatta
		Rs.7,63,667/- along with simple interest thereon @	
		18% p.a. from October 16, 2006 till the actual date	
		of repayment. The Client has challenged the	
		Award before High Court, Kolkata.	
68	Manoj Agarwal	Client filed the Suit for recovery against Kajaria	Pending with
	V/s Kajaria	Ceramisc Ltd and other. MOFSL proforma party	Asst. Deputy
	Ceramisc Ltd and	to the proceeding and no prayer against MOFSL.	Commissiner,
	other		Shillong

- 3. Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed.
  - a. SEBI vide Notice dated May 09, 2019, under Rule 4 (1) of SEBI (Procedure for holding Inquiry and Imposing penalties by Adjudicating Officer) rules , 2005 inquired into alleged violation of the provisions of SEBI circular no. SMD/SED/CIR/93/23321 dated November 18, 1993.

SEBI conducted Inspection of MOFSL to examine whether MOFSL has complied with requirements of SEBI circular dated November 18, 1993. Inspection team observed the MOFSL has mis-utilised the funds of client's credit balance lying with the broker for the settlement obligation of the debit balance clients. MOFSL in its reply submitted that Inspection team has not included margin requirements of clients while calculating total creditor balance and hence the same is on higher side and that there would be considerable decrease in the figures if the margin dues are deducted from creditor balance. SEBI did not accept argument of the MOFSL since the margins collected from clients are in the form of funds and/or securities. The fund portion of the margin collected from the client has already been considered while calculating client deposits with the broker.

In view of the above SEBI called upon to show cause as to why an inquiry should not be held against MOFSL in terms of Rule 4 of the Adjudication Rules read with Section 23 of the SCRA 1956 and why penalty should not be imposed on terms of the provisions of Section 23D of the SCRA 1956.

MOFSL has filed its reply dated October 03, 2019. SEBI has passed adjudication order dated 28th February, 2020 against MOFSL and imposed a monetary penalty of Rs. 17,00,000/- to be paid within 45 days of order issued. We have paid penalty to SEBI and the matter is closed.

b. SEBI has initiated Adjudication vide letter dated December 11, 2019, for transactions of a customer in the scrip of Zylog Systems Limited. MOFSL has accepted the order for trading in ZSL from person other than client without any authority i.e. the trade order was issued by Mr. P Srikanth, husband of Client, Mrs. Srikanth Sripriya instead of client herself. With regard to aforesaid, MOFSL sent the reply to SEBI on December 30, 2019 thereby denying the said allegations and to understand the reasons for issuance of said notice without any factual background. MOFSL sent reply to SEBI on May 20, 2020. Further our officials attended the

video hearing with SEBI officials on 26<sup>th</sup> May, 2020. SEBI issued an Order dated 28<sup>th</sup> May, 2020 whereby they disposed-of the SCN without any penalty or action. The matter is disposed off.

MOSL has been amalgamated with Motilal Oswal Financial Services Limited (MOFSL) w.e.f August 21, 2018 pursuant to order dated July 30, 2018 issued by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench. The existing registration no(s) of MOSL would be used until receipt of new MOFSL registration numbers.

- 4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately.
  None
- 5. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed.

None

The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustees at their meeting held on October 19, 2012. The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme is a new product offered by Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of its existing Scheme/Fund/Product.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited (Investment Manager for Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund)

Sd/-

Navin Agarwal Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Place: Mumbai

**Date: October 29, 2021** 

Visit the link <a href="https://www.kfintech.com/contact-us/">https://www.kfintech.com/contact-us/</a> to view the complete details of designated collection centre/ / Investor Service centres of KFin Technologies Private Limited.		
UTILITIES INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED (Official Collection Centres)		
se visit <a href="https://www.mfuindia.com">www.mfuindia.com</a> for Point of Services ("POS") locations of MF Utilities India Private Limited ("MFU") h are Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) for ongoing transactions.		
CID CM 31.10 LE 105.E.1		